Examples for the establishment of joint research programmes and joint ventures for the development of technologies relevant to the objectives of the Convention.

Myanmar is actively participating in the activities of ASEAN to promote technical and scientific cooperation.

148. Is your country helping to develop national capabilities through disseminating information on experiences and lessons learned in implementing the	
a) No	exchanging and Convention?
b) Yes ,	×
149.   ☐ Is your country providing resources for the development and imple Clearing-house mechanism?	mentation of the
a) No	
b) Yes, at the national level	×
c) Yes, at national and international levels	
L50. S your Clearing-house mechanism operational?	and and a superior and the second superior and the superior and the second seco
a) No	
b) No, but it is under development	×
c) Yes (please give details below)	POWER THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY
urther comments on operationalisation of the CHM.	The state of the s
Decision V/14 - Scientific and technical cooperation and the clearing-hou	se mechanism
1.51. Has your country established national directories and/or rosters of scientifexperts working on thematic areas of the Convention and made them available through the convention and made the convention and con	ic inctitutions and
a) No	alandaran manasa sasaminin kalaba sayan ngapabbang ari persas sastin kalaba dan mana dan menengga sal
b) Yes	×
L52. Has your country established links to non-governmental organizations and nolding important databases or undertaking significant work on biological diversity	other institutions through the CHM?
L52. Has your country established links to non-governmental organizations and	other institutions through the CHM?

This synth intentions it testings arrestly asked in the spontic value and of this them a for the interest of the interest of the property skip and one of the treatment of the interest of the

#### The following question (153) is for DEVELOPED COUNTRIES

a) No	
b) Yes, by using funding opportunities	
c) Yes, by means of access to, and transfer of technology	
d) Yes, by using research cooperation facilities	
e) Yes, by using repatriation of information	
f) Yes, by using training opportunities	
g) Yes, by using promotion of contacts with relevant institutions.	
organizations and the private sector	
h) Voc. by using other manne (alasses of a	į
economies in transition to gain access to information in the field	ountries and countries w d of scientific and techni
Further comments on CHM developments to assist developing coconomies in transition to gain access to information in the field cooperation.	d of scientific and techni
Further comments on CHM developments to assist developing coconomies in transition to gain access to information in the field cooperation.	d of scientific and techni
conomies on CHM developments to assist developing conomies in transition to gain access to information in the field coperation.  54. Has your country identified and established important target audical No	ences for the CHM?
Further comments on CHM developments to assist developing conomies in transition to gain access to information in the field cooperation.  154. Has your country identified and established important target audit a) No  b) Yes (please provide further details below)	d of scientific and techni
Further comments on CHM developments to assist developing concornies in transition to gain access to information in the field cooperation.  154. Has your country identified and established important target audional No  b) Yes (please provide further details below)  Further comments on CHM target audiences.	ences for the CHM?
Further comments on CHM developments to assist developing conomies in transition to gain access to information in the field cooperation.  154. Has your country identified and established important target audional No  b) Yes (please provide further details below)	ences for the CHM?
Eurther comments on CHM developments to assist developing conomies in transition to gain access to information in the field cooperation.  1.54. Has your country identified and established important target audical No  b) Yes (please provide further details below)  Further comments on CHM target audiences.  The governmental research institutions and private sectors are important target.	ences for the CHM?  x  ht target audiences.
turther comments on CHM developments to assist developing conomies in transition to gain access to information in the field cooperation.  54. Has your country identified and established important target audical No b) Yes (please provide further details below)  further comments on CHM target audiences.  The governmental research institutions and private sectors are important target.	ences for the CHM?  x  ht target audiences.
Turther comments on CHM developments to assist developing conomies in transition to gain access to information in the field cooperation.  154. Has your country identified and established important target audical No  b) Yes (please provide further details below)  Further comments on CHM target audiences.  The governmental research institutions and private sectors are important and private sectors are important country developed any initiatives to make information once useful for researchers and decision-makers?	ences for the CHM?  x  ht target audiences.

Conventions?	
a) No	×
b) Yes (please specify services and tools)	
Further comments on services and tools to enhance and facilitate the implem further improve synergies among biodiversity-related Conventions.	nentation of CHM and
Sox XXXV - Please elaborate below the impacts or outcomes achieved implementing this article, particularly in terms of  (a) Achieving priority objectives of your NBSAP (if applicable),  (b) Achieving the objectives and goals of the Strategic Plan of the  (c) Progressing toward the 2010 target.  Myanmar sets up Academies in different sectors and is cooperating with institutions. However, there are constraints encountered in practicing CHM, Bio	Convention,
BCH) has been taken into consideration during the preparation of National Biosal	rety Framework.
Box XXXVI - Please elaborate constraints or impediments encountered by mplementation of this article and associated decisions.  In order to increase full understanding of CHM process at national level, instinancial, technical and human resources need to be strengthened.	y your country in th
Box XXXVI - Please elaborate constraints or impediments encountered by mplementation of this article and associated decisions.  In order to increase full understanding of CHM process at national level instance.	y your country in th
Box XXXVI - Please elaborate constraints or impediments encountered by implementation of this article and associated decisions.  In order to increase full understanding of CHM process at national level, instinancial, technical and human resources need to be strengthened.  Article 19 - Handling of biotechnology	y your country in th titutional capacity an
Article 19 - Handling of biotechnology and distribution of its benefits  157. On Article 19(1): has your country taken measures to provide for the in biotechnological research activities by those Contracting Parties which	y your country in th
Article 19 - Handling of biotechnology and distribution of its benefits  157. On Article 19(1): has your country taken measures to provide for the in biotechnological research activities by those Contracting Parties which resources for such research?	y your country in th
Article 19 - Handling of biotechnology and distribution of its benefits  157. On Article 19(1): has your country taken measures to provide for the in biotechnological research?  a) No	y your country in the titutional capacity and capacity and titutional capacity and capacit
Article 19 - Handling of biotechnology and distribution of its benefits  157. On Article 19(1): has your country taken measures to provide for the in biotechnological research activities by those Contracting Parties which resources for such research?  a) No  b) No, but potential measures are under review	y your country in the titutional capacity and effective participation provide the genetic
Article 19 - Handling of biotechnology and distribution of its benefits  157. On Article 19(1): has your country taken measures to provide for the in biotechnological research activities by those Contracting Parties which resources for such research?  a) No  b) No, but potential measures in place	y your country in the titutional capacity and effective participation provide the genetic

This symbol identifies questions already asked to the second national report or in one of the Thematic reports. You may west to skip such chestions if you drunct nave new information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your repson(s) for not resoluting using the during all doubt to 14.7.

158. On Article 19(2): has your country taken all practicable repriority access by Parties, on a fair and equitable basis, to the biotechnologies based upon genetic resources provided by those Parties.	measures to promote and advance results and benefits arising from orties?
a) No	
b) No, but potential measures are under review	
c) Yes, some measures in place	×
d) Yes, comprehensive measures in place	
	and at the first handless objectives the state of the sta

Box XXXVII - Please elaborate below the impacts or outcomes achieved by your country in implementing this article, particularly in terms of

- (a) Achieving priority objectives of your NBSAP (if applicable),
- (b) Achieving the objectives and goals of the Strategic Plan of the Convention,
- (c) Progressing toward the 2010 target.

particular designation of the second	
National Biosafety Framework is under	preparation.

Box XXXVIII - Please elaborate constraints or impediments encountered by your country in the implementation of this article and associated decisions.

Apart from financial, technical and human resource constraints, there is a need to establish a flexible coordination mechanism.

#### Article 20 - Financial resources

Box XXXIX - Please describe for each of the following items the quantity of financial resources, both internal and external, that have been utilized to implement the Convention on Biological Diversity, on an annual basis, since your country became a Party to the Convention.

Budgetary allocations by national and local Governments as well as different sectoral ministries	
b) Extra-budgetary resources	
c) Bilateral assistance by donors	
d) Regional assistance by donors	Financial supports received from different sources are limited to implement the Convention as well as Myanmar
e) Multilateral assistance by donors	Agenda 21.
f) Private sources by donors	
g) Resources generated through financial instruments, such as charges for use of biodiversity	

lo specific programmes have been established yet.	Pallatinina yali hany wana waka sakata akaka 2006 minina 1400 ya ya haka sakasa 1400 minina 1700 mwa
159. On Article 20(1): has your country provided financial suppor national activities that are intended to achieve the objectives of the Convergence.	t and incentives to those
a) No	
b) Yes, incentives only (please provide a list of such incentives below)	
c) Yes, financial support only	**************************************
d) Yes, financial support and incentives (please provide details below)	
Further comments on financial support and incentives provided.	
The next two questions (160 and 161) are fo DEVELOPED COUNTRIES	or
160. On Article 20(2): has your country provided new and addition enable developing country Parties to meet the agreed incremental costs measures which fulfill the obligations of the Convention, as agreed between interim financial mechanism?	to them of implementing
a) No	
<ul> <li>b) Yes (please indicate the amount, on an annual basis, of new additional financial resources your country has provided)</li> </ul>	and :
Further comments on new and additional financial resources provided to Parties to meet the agreed incremental costs to them of implementing obligations of the Convention, as agreed between your country and the interest of the Convention.	measures which fulfill the
161.  ☐ On Article 20(3): has your country provided financial resources rethe Convention through bilateral, regional and other multilateral channels?	elated to implementation o
a) No	
<li>b) Yes, bỳ agencies through bilateral channels (pleasê indicate amount, on an annual basis, of financial resources your country provided related to the implementation of the Convention)</li>	the has
<ul> <li>Yes, by agencies through regional channels (please indicate the am on an annual basis, of financial resources your country has pro related to the implementation of the Convention)</li> </ul>	ount, vided
<ul> <li>d) Yes, by agencies through multilateral channels (please indicate amount, on an annual basis, of financial resources your country provided related to the implementation of the Convention)</li> </ul>	e the / has
Please indicate the amount, on an annual basis, of financial resources	

This synthol identifies co-estions at early asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you to not have medicineation to add. If this is the case, please indicate your classer's) for not responding using the table at question 247.

# The next two questions (162 and 163) are for DEVELOPING COUNTRIES OR COUNTRIES WITH ECONOMIES IN TRANSITION

a) No	×
b) Yes	
<b>163.</b> ☑ Does your country discuss ways and means to support impleme the Convention In its dialogue with funding institutions?	entation of the objectives of
a) No	Manufacture Control of the Control o
b) Yes (please provide details below)	×
Further comments on ways and means to support implementation of the cin dialogue with funding institutions.	objectives of the Convention
Myanmar received financial assistance to implement some biodive sustainable projects. For example, financial assistance from GEF, IC JIFPRO, JOFCA, SI, CAS and WCS, etc.	rsity and environmentall IMOD, ITTO, IPGRI, JICA
Decision III/6 - Additional financial resource  164. ☑ Is your country making any efforts to develop standardized inforfor the objectives of the Convention?	
<b>164.</b>	
<b>164.</b> So Is your country making any efforts to develop standardized infor for the objectives of the Convention?  a) No	mation on financial suppor
<ul> <li>164.  Is your country making any efforts to develop standardized inforfor the objectives of the Convention?</li> <li>a) No</li> <li>b) Yes (please provide details below)</li> <li>Further comments on existing processes and/or planned efforts to develop</li> </ul>	mation on financial support
<ul> <li>164.  Is your country making any efforts to develop standardized inforfor the objectives of the Convention?</li> <li>a) No</li> <li>b) Yes (please provide details below)</li> <li>Further comments on existing processes and/or planned efforts to develop on financial support for the objectives of the Convention.</li> </ul>	mation on financial support
<ul> <li>164.  Is your country making any efforts to develop standardized inforfor the objectives of the Convention?</li> <li>a) No</li> <li>b) Yes (please provide details below)</li> <li>Further comments on existing processes and/or planned efforts to develop on financial support for the objectives of the Convention.</li> </ul>	mation on financial support  ×  pp standardized information  in Myanmar.
<ul> <li>164.  Is your country making any efforts to develop standardized inforfor the objectives of the Convention?         <ul> <li>a) No</li> <li>b) Yes (please provide details below)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Further comments on existing processes and/or planned efforts to develon financial support for the objectives of the Convention.</li> <li>National Commission of Environmental Affairs (NCEA) is focal point of GEF</li> </ul>	mation on financial support  X  pp standardized information  fin Myanmar.
164.	mation on financial support  X  pp standardized information  fin Myanmar.
164.	mation on financial support  X  pp standardized information  fin Myanmar.
164.	x op standardized information in Myanmar.  es

<b>166.</b> Alas your country compiled information on the additional financial supprovide sector?	oort provided by the
a) No	
b) Yes, but procedures are being taken into consideration.	×
Further comments on additional financial support provided by the private sector.	
167. ☑ Has your country considered tax exemptions in national taxation systemelated donations?	ems for biodiversity-
a) No	
<ul> <li>b) No, but exemptions are under development (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	
c) Yes, exemptions in place (please provide details below)	×
Further comments on tax exemptions for biodiversity-related donations.  Tax exempted for biodiversity related donations.	
Decision VI/16 - Additional financial resources  168. Has your country reviewed national budgets and monetary policies, includ of official development assistance allocated to biodiversity, with particular atter incentives and their performance as well as perverse incentives and ways a removal or mitigation?	ntion paid to positive
Decision VI/16 - Additional financial resources  168. Has your country reviewed national budgets and monetary policies, includ of official development assistance allocated to biodiversity, with particular atterincentives and their performance as well as perverse incentives and ways a	ntion paid to positive
Decision VI/16 - Additional financial resources  168. Has your country reviewed national budgets and monetary policies, includ of official development assistance allocated to biodiversity, with particular atter incentives and their performance as well as perverse incentives and ways a removal or mitigation?	ntion paid to positive
Decision VI/16 - Additional financial resources  168. Has your country reviewed national budgets and monetary policies, includ of official development assistance allocated to biodiversity, with particular atter incentives and their performance as well as perverse incentives and ways a removal or mitigation?  a) No	ntion paid to positive and means for their
Decision VI/16 - Additional financial resources  168. Has your country reviewed national budgets and monetary policies, includ of official development assistance allocated to biodiversity, with particular atterincentives and their performance as well as perverse incentives and ways a removal or mitigation?  a) No  b) No, but review is under way	ntion paid to positive and means for their
Decision VI/16 - Additional financial resources  168. Has your country reviewed national budgets and monetary policies, includ of official development assistance allocated to biodiversity, with particular atter incentives and their performance as well as perverse incentives and ways a removal or mitigation?  a) No b) No, but review is under way c) Yes (please provide results of review)  Further comments on review of national budgets and monetary policies, including	x g the effectiveness of
Decision VI/16 - Additional financial resources  168. Has your country reviewed national budgets and monetary policies, includ of official development assistance allocated to biodiversity, with particular atter incentives and their performance as well as perverse incentives and ways a removal or mitigation?  a) No b) No, but review is under way c) Yes (please provide results of review)  Further comments on review of national budgets and monetary policies, including official development assistance.	x g the effectiveness of
Decision VI/16 - Additional financial resources  168. Has your country reviewed national budgets and monetary policies, includ of official development assistance allocated to biodiversity, with particular atter incentives and their performance as well as perverse incentives and ways a removal or mitigation?  a) No b) No, but review is under way c) Yes (please provide results of review)  Further comments on review of national budgets and monetary policies, including official development assistance.  169. Is your country taking concrete actions to review and further in considerations in the development and implementation of major intern initiatives, as well as in national sustainable development plans and relevant plans?	x g the effectiveness of
Decision VI/16 - Additional financial resources  168. Has your country reviewed national budgets and monetary policies, includ of official development assistance allocated to biodiversity, with particular atter incentives and their performance as well as perverse incentives and ways a removal or mitigation?  a) No b) No, but review is under way c) Yes (please provide results of review)  Further comments on review of national budgets and monetary policies, including official development assistance.  169. Is your country taking concrete actions to review and further in considerations in the development and implementation of major internation in the development and implementation of major internations; a) No	x g the effectiveness of

Further comments on review and integration of biodiversity considerations in initiatives, policies and plans.

Myanmar is actively participating in the activities of ASEAN which aim to achieve progress towards sustainable development. Particularly, Myanmar is enhancing the integration of biodiversity into the freshwater, agriculture, fisheries, livestock, marine and coastal, forest and wildlife sector.

Box XLI - Please elaborate below the impacts or outcomes achieved by your country in implementing this article, particularly in terms of

- (a) Achieving priority objectives of your NBSAP (if applicable),
- (b) Achieving the objectives and goals of the Strategic Plan of the Convention,
- (c) Progressing toward the 2010 target.

nitiatives and plans as related to this Article have been taken into consideration.
and the control of t

# Box XLII - Please elaborate constraints or impediments encountered by your country in the implementation of this article and associated decisions.

Relative priority of donor agencies attached to Myanmar biodiversity conservation is low.

#### The next question (170) is for DEVELOPED COUNTRIES

170. Please indicate with an "x" in the table below in which area your country has provided financial support to developing countries and/or countries with economies in transition. Please elaborate in the space below if necessary.

·	account necessary.	
· ••• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Areas	Support provided
a)	Undertaking national or regional assessments within the framework of MEA (decision $VI/8$ )	
b)	In-situ conservation (decision V/16)	Manufales regenge of the St. Education register to the telephone is an extra
c)	Enhance national capacity to establish and maintain the mechanisms to protect traditional knowledge (decision VI/10)	
d)	Ex situ conservation (decision V/26)	
e)	Implementation of the Global Strategy for Plant Conservation (decision VI/9)	American American Communication (American American Americ
f)	Implementation of the Bonn Guidelines (decision VI/24)	
g)	Implementation of programme of work on agricultural biodiversity (decision $V/5$ )	
h)	Preparation of first report on the State of World's Animal Genetic Resources (decision VI/17)	
i)	Support to work of existing regional coordination mechanisms and development of regional and sub regional networks or processes (decision VI/27)	
Fur	ther information on financial current provided to developing	<del></del>

Further information on financial support provided to developing countries and countries with economies in transition.

# The next question (171) is for DEVELOPING COUNTRIES or COUNTRIES WITH ECONOMIES IN TRANSITION

171. Please indicate with an "x" in the table below in which areas your country has applied for funds from the Global Environment Facility (GEF), from developed countries and/or from other sources. The same area may have more than one source of financial support. Please elaborate in the space below if necessary.

a) Preparation of national biodiversity strategies or action plans  b) National capacity self-assessment for implementation of Convention (decision VI/27)  c) Priority actions to implement the Global Taxonomy Initiative (decision V/9)  d) In-situ conservation (decision V/16)  e) Development of national strategies or action plans to deal with alien species (decision VI/23)  f) Ex-situ conservation, establishment and maintenance of ex situ conservation facilities (decision V/26)  g) Projects that promote measures for implementing Article 13 (Education and Public Awareness) (decision VI/19)  h) Preparation of national reports (decisions III/9, V/19 and VI/25)	other
b) National capacity self-assessment for implementation of Convention (decision VI/27)  c) Priority actions to implement the Global Taxonomy Initiative (decision V/9)  d) In-situ conservation (decision V/16)  e) Development of national strategies or action plans to deal with alien species (decision VI/23)  f) Ex-situ conservation, establishment and maintenance of ex situ conservation facilities (decision V/26)  g) Projects that promote measures for implementing Article 13 (Education and Public Awareness) (decision VI/19)  h) Preparation of national reports (decisions III/9, V/19 and	×
Convention (decision VI/27)  c) Priority actions to implement the Global Taxonomy Initiative (decision V/9)  d) In-situ conservation (decision V/16)  e) Development of national strategies or action plans to deal with alien species (decision VI/23)  f) Ex-situ conservation, establishment and maintenance of ex situ conservation facilities (decision V/26)  g) Projects that promote measures for implementing Article 13 (Education and Public Awareness) (decision VI/19)  h) Preparation of national reports (decisions III/9, V/19 and	×
(decision V/9)  d) In-situ conservation (decision V/16)  e) Development of national strategies or action plans to deal with alien species (decision VI/23)  f) Ex-situ conservation, establishment and maintenance of ex situ conservation facilities (decision V/26)  g) Projects that promote measures for implementing Article 13 (Education and Public Awareness) (decision VI/19)  h) Preparation of national reports (decisions III/9, V/19 and	
e) Development of national strategies or action plans to deal with alien species (decision VI/23)  f) Ex-situ conservation, establishment and maintenance of ex situ conservation facilities (decision V/26)  g) Projects that promote measures for implementing Article 13 (Education and Public Awareness) (decision VI/19)  h) Preparation of national reports (decisions III/9, V/19 and	
with alien species (decision VI/23)  f) Ex-situ conservation, establishment and maintenance of ex situ conservation facilities (decision V/26)  g) Projects that promote measures for implementing Article 13 (Education and Public Awareness) (decision VI/19)  h) Preparation of national reports (decisions III/9, V/19 and	×
g) Projects that promote measures for implementing Article 13 (Education and Public Awareness) (decision VI/19) h) Preparation of national reports (decisions III/9, V/19 and	
(Education and Public Awareness) (decision VI/19)  h) Preparation of national reports (decisions III/9, V/19 and	×
h) Preparation of national reports (decisions III/9, V/19 and VI/25)	×
i) Projects for conservation and sustainable use of inland water biological diversity (decision IV/4)	×
j) Activities for conservation and sustainable use of agricultural biological diversity (decision V/5)	×
k) Implementation of the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety (decision VI/26)	
Further information on application for financial support.	OPEN TERRITOR AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

<sup>(</sup>in a symbol) dentities a restrant a cody asset in the arrang national specific in one of the themself choosing is a cody will in skip such questions if you contain never a more creative a had. If this is the date of each indicate your rowships or introducing using the lable at question 347.

# Ecosystem Approach

Decision V/6 - Ecosystem approach

guidance contained in the annex to decision V/6?  a) No	nt the principles a
b) No, but application is under consideration	
c) Yes, some aspects are being applied	
d) Yes, substantially implemented	×
173. So Is your country developing practical expressions of the ecosystem a policies and legislation and for implementation activities, with adaptation to regional conditions?	pproach for nation local, national, ar
a) No	l i
b) No, but development is under consideration	
<ul> <li>Yes, practical expressions developed for applying some principles of the ecosystem approach</li> </ul>	× .
<ul> <li>d) Yes, practical expressions developed for applying most principles of the ecosystem approach</li> </ul>	
<b>174.</b> Is your country strengthening capacities for implementation of the ecosy providing technical and financial support for capacity-building to implement the e	rstem approach, ar cosystem approach
a) No	A
b) Yes, within the country	×
c) Yes, including providing support to other Parties	
Though there is no specific capacity building programme for implementation of $\epsilon$ conservation projects/programmes incorporate in principle of ecosystem approacl	cosystem approach
175. Alas your country promoted regional cooperation in applying the ecosyst	am approach acros
national borders?	sem approach acros
a) No	
b) Yes, informal cooperation (please provide details below)	
c) Yes, formal cooperation (please provide details below)	×
further comments on regional cooperation in applying the ecosystem approporders.  Tyanmar Selection System (MSS) is a principal practice of Sustainable Forest	
ncorporating in Ecosystem Approach Principle. Myanmar is participating in prom it all levels, particularly through intra and inter-regional cooperative programm isheries is cooperating with SEAFDEC and carrying out programmes including	oting SFM practice

#### Decision VI/12 - Ecosystem approach

<b>176.</b> Is your country facilitating the exchange of experiences and regional capacity-building, and enhancing awareness through provision of technical and fi	
a) No	
b) Yes, but limited.	×
Further comments on the facilitation of exchange of experiences and regiona capacity-building, and enhancing awareness through provision of technical and fi	I, national and local nancial resources.
Programmes of Work	
The following three questions (177, 178 and 179) are designated to cover all programmes of work adopted at the Conference of	
177. Has your country identified specific 2010 targets related to agricultural, and coastal, forest, and dry and sub-humid land biological diversity in line with significantly reducing the rate of biodiversity loss by 2010 as agreed at th Sustainable Development?	inland water, marine
a) No	
b) No, but identification of targets is under way	
c) Yes, targets identified (please provide details below)	×
Further comments on the targets identified.	S. Der menser vannschaussensammenter er einschappen mit die der der der der der der der der der vereine verein von
Thirty year Master Plan by various sectors like Forestry, Fisheries, Agricultu targets. For example, Forest Policy and 30 year Forest Master Plan set a target forest area by 30% and protected areas by 5% by the year 2030.	re identified specific to increase reserved
178. Has your country developed baseline data and indicators in order to r towards achieving the 2010 targets on agricultural, inland water, marine and co and sub-humid land biological diversity?	nonitor the progress astal, forest, and dry
a) No	The state of the s
b) No, but development of baseline data and indicators is under way	
c) Yes, baseline data and indicators identified (please provide details below)	**************************************
Further comments on the baseline data and indicators identified.	unanien kustetettia antaliis ylejeläjäjä ja
Criteria and indicators for sustainable management of forest resources in Myar in 1999.	nmar were developed
179. Has your country developed, put in place and implemented monitoring the progress made in achieving the targets on agricultural, inland water, marin and dry and sub-humid land biological diversity by 2010?	systems to measure e and coastal, forest,
a) No	
b) No, but development of monitoring systems is under way	×
c) Yes, monitoring systems in place and being implemented	

his symbol identifies questions already asked in the second national identifier in one of the thematic operation may wish to skip such ductions it you do not have now information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your runspersy for not result duly useful the table at dugstion 247.

# Inland water ecosystems

Decision IV/4 - Status and trends of the biological diversity of inland water ecosystems and options for conservation and sustainable use

180. Has your country developed a seeker !	
<b>180.</b> Has your country developed a sectoral plan for the conservation and sus water biodiversity, either as part of the national biodiversity strategy and action plan?	tainable use of inland plan or as a separate
a) No	
b) Yes, integrated as a part of NBSAP (please specify elements included)	
c) Yes, a separate sectoral plan developed	
	×
Further comments on a sectoral plan for the conservation and sustainable biodiversity.	
<ul> <li>Data collection and collation has been carried out and National Wetlan drafted.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Wetland ecosystem conservation through the establishment of wetland will place</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>According to policy, law and administrative measures, Department of Fishe such as</li> </ul>	ries is making efforts
(a) conservation of freshwater fish species	
(b) conservation of breeding ground	
(c) sustainable management for all types of inland water bodies	
(d) ban imposed on destructive fishing practices	
(e) Restriction on fishing in rivers during breeding season and on catch of	fingerlings
(f) implementation of CITES provisions	
(g) enhancing public awareness and community participation in wetland co	onservation
(h) ban on disposal of pollutants in the water bodies	
<ul> <li>encourage and promote local people experience and traditional k practices</li> </ul>	knowledge in fishing
(j) protection of rights for fishing communities	
(k) control and manage LMO and IAS	
	The state of the s
<b>181.</b> Is your country promoting synergies between this programme of work under the Ramsar Convention as well as the implementation of the Joint Work level?	and related activities Plan at the national
a) No	The state of the s
<ul> <li>b) No, but potential measures were identified for synergy and joint implementation</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>c) Yes, some measures taken for joint implementation (please specify below)</li> </ul>	×
<ul> <li>d) Yes, comprehensive measures taken for joint implementation (please specify)</li> </ul>	

Further comments on the promotion of synergies between the programme of work and related activities under the Ramsar Convention as well as the implementation of the Joint Work Plan at the national level.

- Moeyungyi Wildlife Sanctuary was designated as Ramsar Site in 2005.
- Thirty five Important Bird Areas were identified in collaboration with Wild Bird Society of Japan.
- Informal cooperation with Convention on Migratory Species by attending the meeting on preparation of action plan to conservation of migratory birds at central Asian Flyways New Delhi, 2005.

<b>182.</b> Has your country adopted integrated land and watershed management protection, use, planning and management of inland water ecosystems?	approaches for the
a) No	
b) No, but approaches are under development	9
c) Yes, some approaches adopted (please specify)	×
d) Yes, comprehensive approaches adopted (please specify)	
Further comments on the adoption of integrated land and watershed managemen	t approaches.
- Watershed management projects for Inlay Lake, Indawgyi Lake, and seve implemented.	_
<ul> <li>Northern Forest Complex, a network of four protected areas, was establi objective to manage and protect watershed of the Ayeyawady and the China</li> </ul>	shed with a specific lwin rivers.
<b>183.</b> Has your country developed a set of criteria or indicators for the evaluinland water ecosystems from both physical infrastructure projects and watershed	nation of impacts on did activities?
a) No	
b) No, but development is under way	×
c) Yes (please provide below a list of indicators developed)	
Further comments on development of criteria or indicators.	
<b>184.</b> Is your country supporting the conservation and sustainable use of inl through the establishment and implementation of appropriate legal, admini measures?	and water biodiversity
a) No	
b) No, but potential measures were identified	
c) No, but measures are under development	
<ul> <li>d) Yes, some measures developed and being implemented (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	×
<ul> <li>e) Yes, comprehensive measures developed and being implemented (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	

This symbol identifies greating already asked of the second national report or in one of the thichate reports. You may wish to skip according to the process prestions if you do not never sew interport to to add. If this is the care in presticing it analysis by fair of leave story using the table at quistion \$40.

	. : '
100	
185. Does your country require environmental impacts assessment for wa and watershed activities?	ter development projec
a) No	
b) Yes	*
186. Has your country reviewed those incentives and regulations that ma	y adversely affect inlar
a) No	
b) Yes, review under way	×
<ul> <li>c) Yes, review completed and potential adjustment proposed (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	
•	
d) Yes, adjustment made following review (please provide details below) urther information on the review of those incentives and regulations that aland water biodiversity.	nt may adversely affect
urther information on the review of those incentives and socillation in	nt may adversely affec
urther information on the review of those incentives and regulations the pland water biodiversity.  87. Has your country adopted participatory approaches to the management of the page of	
urther information on the review of those incentives and regulations the pland water biodiversity.  87. Has your country adopted participatory approaches to the management of the page of	
urther information on the review of those incentives and regulations the name of the incentive of the incentive and regulations the stand water biodiversity.  87. Has your country adopted participatory approaches to the manage cosystems?	
urther information on the review of those incentives and regulations that land water biodiversity.  87. Has your country adopted participatory approaches to the manageosystems?  a) No	
urther information on the review of those incentives and regulations the land water biodiversity.  87. Has your country adopted participatory approaches to the managesystems?  a) No  b) No, but participatory approaches are under consideration	ement of inland wate

- Achieving priority objectives of your NBSAP (if applicable), (a)
- Achieving the objectives and goals of the Strategic Plan of the Convention, (b)
- Progressing toward the 2010 target.

Inland water ecosystem conservation is in place, but need to be strengthened.

Box XLIV - Please elaborate constraints or impediments encountered by your country in the implementation of this programme of work and associated decisions.

Measures on assessment and monitoring are	e weak.	
•	•	
<u> </u>		i

#### Marine and coastal biological diversity

Decision II/10 and decision IV/5 - Conservation and sustainable use of marine and coastal biological diversity

at apply.
×
×
×
×
-
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This symbol dentifies questions already asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports in roundly violable skip stor quintous if you do not have reported externation to add. If this is the cuse judges indicate your constraint for not resonable additional field table at question 247.

#### Closed area and closed season

Commercial fishing vessels, like trawlers and purse seiners are prohibited from fishing in water less than 5-nautical mile from the shore. The waters within 5-nautical miles of the shore are the nursery ground of juveniles of prawn and fish. This will reduce fishing pressure from trawlers and purse seiners. The Department of Fisheries took this action of restricted nursery areas contain one fishing ground in Rakhine coastal area, four fishing grounds in Ayeyawady coastal area, two fishing grounds in Mon coastal area and three fishing grounds in Tanintharyi coastal area.

#### Prohibition of fishing gear

Under "Law Relating to The Fishing Rights of Foreign Fishing Vessels" and "Myanmar Marine Fisheries Law" and related regulations, fishing gear that is destructive to the environment and the fishery resources are totally banned. These gear includes pair trawl fishing, electric fishing, fishing using poisons, fishing with chemicals and explosive and push net. Purse seine net less than 1 inch mesh size, trawl net cod-end less than 2 inches mesh size, drift net less than 4 inches mesh size, trammel gill net less than 1.5 inches mesh size are not allowed for fishing operation.

#### Monitoring, control and surveillance

The introduction of MCS program for the management of fisheries is another measure taken up by the Department of Fisheries. This program provides for the design of effective monitoring and control of fisheries enforcement activities to ensure that only authorized or license holder fishing vessels conduct their fishing activities within designated areas in Myanmar's fisheries waters. Strict law and enforcement on fishing activities in Myanmar's fisheries waters is carried out by number of departments namely Myanmar Navy, Custom Department, Myanmar Police Force, Immigration and Manpower Department, Department of Fisheries and Local authorities.

**189.** Which statement of the following can describe the current status of marine and coastal protected areas? Please tick all that apply.

<ul> <li>a) Marine and coastal protected areas have been declared and gazetted (please indicate below how many)</li> </ul>	×
<ul> <li>b) Management plans for these marine and coastal protected areas have been developed with involvement of all stakeholders</li> </ul>	×
c) Effective management with enforcement and monitoring has been put in place	×
d) Other (please describe below)	
e) Not applicable	

Further comments on the current status of marine and coastal protected areas.

Conservation of marine resources has always been the primary concern of the Department. Marine Park and Marine Reserves as well as fisheries protected areas have been established under Fisheries Law as one of the Department's management measures. "Lampi" island of Tanintharyi coast have been gazetted as Marine Park and Marine Reserve since 1996. The waters around the island area also have been announced as fisheries protected areas, whereby collection of marine fauna and flora is prohibited.

In recognition of the expanding global catch of shark and the potential negative impact on shark population both directly and indirectly by a wide array of human activities, the Department of Fisheries enacted "Notification No. 2/2004" for shark conservation and two specific areas in Tanintharyi coastal areas were totally banned from shark fishing.

The Department of Fisheries took on the activities for the conservation of turtles and biodiversity of marine ecosystem since 1905 by promulgated with "The Fisheries Act". It has protected all species of sea turtle as a conservation aspect. In 1993, the Department of Fisheries enacted "Notification No. 11/93" to establish better sea turtle conservation program in collaboration with regional and international fisheries bodies.

190. Is your country applying techniques that aim at minimizing adverse imp marine and coastal biodiversity?	acts of mariculture on
a) No	
•	
b) No, but use of appropriate techniques is being investigated	×
<ul> <li>Yes, techniques being applied to minimize adverse impacts of mariculture on marine and coastal biodiversity (please provide further details on types of techniques)</li> </ul>	
d) Not applicable	
Further comments on techniques that aim at minimizing adverse impacts of n and coastal biodiversity.	nariculture on marine
In order to avoid negative impact of mariculture on marine and coastal bio friendly aquaculture technology has been practiced in marine shrimp culture since	diversity, mangrove- te last two-year.

191. Is your country undertaking the following activities to implement the Convention's work plan on coral reefs? Please tick all the applicable.

Activities	Not implemented nor a priority	Not implemented but a priority	Currently implemented	Not applicable
a) Ecological assessment and monitoring of reefs		×		The second secon
b) Socio-economic assessment and monitoring of communities and stakeholders		×		
<ul> <li>c) Management, particularly through application of integrated coastal management and marine and coastal protected areas in coral reef environment</li> </ul>		×		
<ul> <li>d) Identification and implementation of additional and alternative measures for securing livelihoods of people who directly depend on coral reef services</li> </ul>		•		×
e) Stakeholder partnerships, community participation programmes and public education campaigns				×

This symbol identifies unestions alread, asked in the social national report or in one of the rise to copy. You may wish such questions myou do not have new inclination to add. If this is the case please indicate your casur(), for not especially using the lable at question 247.

f) Provision of training and career opportunities for marine taxonomists and ecologists	×	
g) Development of early warning systems of coral bleaching	•	×
h) Development of a rapid response capability to document coral bleaching and mortality		×
i) Restoration and rehabilitation of degraded coral reef habitats	×	
j) Others (please specify below)		

Please elaborate on ongoing activities.

Research on coral reef is still in infant stage in Myanmar. Due to insufficient technician, equipments and finance, only two preliminary surveys were conducted by DOF researcher in 2001 and 2002 in Rakhine coastal areas and Tanintharyi coastal areas.

**192.** How has the status of the following indicators changed since the last national report of your country? Please tick the corresponding box in each case.

	Indicators	Increasing /Improving	No significant change	Decreasing /Declining	Not enough data to assess	Not applicable
a)	Amount of healthy coastal wetland (mangroves, salt marshes, etc.)		×			
b)	Health of shallow marine habitats, such as sea grasses and coral reefs				×	
c)	Number of new species targeted by fisheries (fish and invertebrates)	×				
d)	Number of traditional fisheries species No longer deemed profitable, or which have become rare				×	
e)	Length/size of commercially caught fish				×	

f)	Number of episodic events, such as fish kills, red tide blooms and coral bleaching			×	
g)	Frequency and severity of invasions by alien species in marine and coastal environment			×	
h)	Number and extent of coastal aquaculture facilities	×			
i)	Amount of EEZ under exploitation by fisheries or other uses				×
j)	Total area covered by marine and coastal protected areas		×		
k)	Total area under effective integrated' marine and coastal area management		× ·		

Box XLV - Please elaborate below the impacts or outcomes achieved by your country in implementing this programme of work, particularly in terms of

- (a) Achieving priority objectives of your NBSAP (if applicable),
- (b) Achieving the objectives and goals of the Strategic Plan of the Convention,
- c) Progressing toward the 2010 target.

# Overall awareness and knowledge base have developed due to activities of SEAFDEC, NACA and FAO.

- In collaboration with SEAFDEC, sea turtle conservation program in Myanmar is becoming more active activities among coastal communities.
- In order to make an appropriate National Plan of Action on Shark (NPOA-Shark) for shark conservation, information gathering on shark fisheries project were conducted by DoF researchers in 2004 in collaboration with SEAFDEC.
- Series of survey trips were conducted by DoF researcher in collaboration with experts from Wildlife Conservation Society (WCS) for dolphin conservation, especially for Ayeyawady Dolphin.
- In order to avoid from negative impact in mariculture development, mangrove-friendly aquaculture practice has been established in coastal areas since receiving technology from SEAFDEC and NACA.

Box XLVI - Please elaborate constraints or impediments encountered by your country in the implementation of this programme of work and associated decisions.

Inadequate capacity to act due to institutional weakness human resources, lack of transfer of technology, traditional knowledge, financial resources and absence of economic incentives are some of the constraints to implement the programme of work.

This symbol dentifies questions afroddy asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you do not have new information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your reason(s) for not respond on using the table at question 247.

## Agricultural biological diversity

#### Decision III/11 and decision IV/6

## Conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity

193. A Has your country identified priorities that need to be addressed at the r	national level?
a) No	
b) No, but identification is in progress	
c) Yes (please specify issues and priorities below)	×
Further comments on issues and priorities identified.	
Since agricultural biodiversity is an asset for the country for the challenges in fut National Biosafety Framework (NBF) project is being implemented with the assist	ture, development ance of UNEP/GEF.
194. Has your country developed national strategies, programmes and pl development and successful implementation of policies and actions that lead to the agrobiodiversity components?	ans that ensure the sustainable use
a) No	A Committee of A Committee of C
b) No, but strategies, programmes and plans are under development	
<ul> <li>Yes, some strategies, programmes and plans in place (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	×
<ul> <li>d) Yes, comprehensive strategies, programmes and plans in place (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	
Further comments on national strategies, programmes and plans.	
Ex-situ conservation for crops has been in progress since the establishment of In-situ conservation is going on with the participation of farmers not to disturb th	seed bank in 199 e evolution proces
Decision V/5 - Agricultural biological diversity: review of program  195. Has your country approved field testing and commercial use of productestriction technologies? (please see assumption in 196)  a) No	
b) Yes	
196. ☑ Has your country carried out scientific assessments (including risk ass	sessments) on, <i>int</i>
alia, ecological, social and economic effects of genetic use restriction technologies	
alia, ecological, social and economic effects of genetic use restriction technologies  a) No	×
alia, ecological, social and economic effects of genetic use restriction technologies  a) No  b) No, but assessments are under way	

Further comments on the assessments on ecological, social and economic effects of	of GURTs.
It is assumed that GURTs is similar to modern biotechnology mentioned in Ca Biosafety.	tagena Protocol on
197. Has your country identified ways and means to address the potential im restriction technologies on the <i>in situ</i> and <i>ex situ</i> conservation and sustainable security, of agricultural biological diversity?	pacts of genetic use use, including food
a) No	
b) No but potential measures are under review	×
c) Yes, some measures identified (please provide details below)	
d) Yes, comprehensive measures identified (please provide details below)	
Further information on ways and means to address the potential impacts of ge technologies on the <i>in situ</i> and <i>ex situ</i> conservation and sustainable use of agriculture.	netic use restriction tural biodiversity.
Development of NBF is being implemented with the assistance of UNEP/GEF.	
N use the developed and enforced gueb requisitions taking into	account inter alia
198. ☑ Has your country developed and enforced such regulations taking into the specific nature of variety-specific and trait-specific GURTs?	account, inter ana,
a) No	×
b) Yes, developed but not yet applied	
c) Yes, developed and applied (please provide details below)	
Further comments on the development and enforcement of regulations re- restriction technologies.	garding genetic use
Development of NBF is being implemented with the assistance of UNEP/GEF.	
Annex to decision V/5 - Programme of work on agricultural bio	odiversity
Programme element 1 – Assessment	
199. Has your country developed methods and techniques for assessing and and trends of agricultural biodiversity?	monitoring the statu
a) No	
b) No, but methods and techniques of assessment and monitoring under development	×
c) Yes, most methods and techniques developed (please provide below	

This symbol identifies questions stready asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you do not cove new information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your reason(s) for 1st responding using the table at question 247.

relevant details, taking into consideration the elements (a) to (d) in

activity 1.5 annexed to decision V/6)

b) Yes, assessment under way

c) Yes, assessment completed (please specify where information can be retrieved below)

Further comments on methods and techniques (e.g., criteria and guidelines; ag classification of agro-ecosystems and production systems; data and inform agricultural biodiversity; methodology for analysis of trends and underlying caus	reed terminology and nation exchange on
<ul> <li>Biochemical characterization of rice and food legume germplasm using seconds.</li> </ul>	ed storage protein by
<ul> <li>Race study of rice and bacterial leaf blight disease causing organism Xanthr oryzae</li> </ul>	nonas campastris pv.
<b>200.</b> Has your country undertaken specific assessments of components of ag such as on plant genetic resources, animal genetic resources, pollinators, penutrient cycling?	ricultural biodiversity st management and
a) No	×
b) Yes, assessments in progress (please specify components below)	
<ul> <li>Yes, assessment completed (please specify components and results of assessments below)</li> </ul>	
Further comments on specific assessments of components of agricultural biodiver	sitv.
Myanmar may become a member of Regional Cooperation in South East As Resource (RECSEA-PGR) in the near future.	ia for Plant Genetic
<b>201.</b> Is your country undertaking assessments of the interactions between agric the conservation and sustainable use of the components of biodiversity referred Convention (e.g. ecosystems and habitats; species and communities; genomes scientific or economic importance)?	to in A The bloom
a) No	×
b) Yes, assessments under way	
c) Yes, some assessments completed	
d) Yes, comprehensive assessments completed •	
Further comments on assessment of biodiversity components (e.g. ecosystems a and communities; genomes and genes of social, scientific or economic importance	nd habitats; species
202. Has your country carried out an assessment of the knowledge, innovation farmers and indigenous and local communities in sustaining agricultural bio ecosystem services for food production and food security?	ons and practices of diversity and agro-
a) No	×

Further comments on assessment of the knowledge, innovations and practices of farmers and indigenous and local communities.

Myanmar is still weak in this area on assessment of the knowledge, innovations and practices of farmers and indigenous and local communities in sustaining agricultural biodiversity and agroecosystem services for food production and food security.

a) No	•	
b) Yes, no change found (status quo)		×
c) Yes, overall degradation found (please	provide details below)	
d) Yes, overall restoration or rehabilitation below)		
her comments on observations.	<b>教教工程</b> 1	

# Programme element 2 - Adaptive management 204. Has your country identified management practices, technologies and policies that promote the positive, and mitigate the negative, impacts of agriculture on biodiversity, and enhance productivity and the capacity to sustain livelihoods? a) No b) No, but potential practices, technologies and policies are being identified x c) Yes, some practices, technologies and policies identified (please provide details below) d) Yes, comprehensive practices, technologies and policies identified (please provide details below)

Further comments on identified management practices, technologies and policies.

Multiplication, rejuvenation, biochemical characterization and evaluation of over 1000 rice accessions have been made by Department of Agricultural Research (DAR).

This symbol identifies questions already asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you do not have now information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your reason(s) for not reduced inguishing the cable at question 247.

	Programme element 3 - Capacity-building	
their or develop	las your country increased the capacities of farmers, indigenous and loca ganizations and other stakeholders, to manage sustainable agricultural strategies and methodologies for <i>in situ</i> conservation, sustainable use a ural biological diversity?	biodiversity and to
a)	No	
b)	Yes (please specify area/component and target groups with increased capacity)	×
	comments on increased capacities of farmers, indigenous and local con ations and other stakeholders.	nmunities, and their
Farmers belt in o	s (e.g. Pearl rice growers) are educated through extension services to grodesignated ecosystem so that in-situ conservation could be made.	w specific variety in
stakeho	las your country put in place operational mechanisms for participation older groups to develop genuine partnerships contributing to the imported work on agricultural biodiversity?	by a wide range of plementation of the
stakeho progran	older groups to develop genuine partnerships contributing to the imp	by a wide range of olementation of the
stakeho progran	older groups to develop genuine partnerships contributing to the important of work on agricultural biodiversity?	olementation of the
stakeho progran a)	older groups to develop genuine partnerships contributing to the important of work on agricultural biodiversity?	olementation of the
stakeho progran a) b) c)	older groups to develop genuine partnerships contributing to the imported of work on agricultural biodiversity?  No  No, but potential mechanisms were identified	olementation of the
stakeho progran a) b) c)	No, but mechanisms are under development	olementation of the
stakeho program a) b) c) d)	No, but mechanisms are under development	naring arrangements
stakeho program a) b) c) d)	No No, but mechanisms are under development Yes, mechanisms in place  Has your country improved the policy environment, including benefit-si	naring arrangement
stakeho program a) b) c) d) 207. and inc	No No, but mechanisms are under development Yes, mechanisms in place  Has your country improved the policy environment, including benefit-strength in the policy measures, to support local-level management of agricultural biodiversity?	naring arrangements
stakeho program a) b) c) d) 207. and inc	No No, but mechanisms are under development Yes, mechanisms in place  Has your country improved the policy environment, including benefit-strentive measures, to support local-level management of agricultural biodiv No. No, but some measures and arrangements were identified	naring arrangements
stakeho program a) b) c) d) 207. and inc a) b)	No No, but mechanisms are under development Yes, mechanisms in place  Has your country improved the policy environment, including benefit-strentive measures, to support local-level management of agricultural biodiv  No, but some measures and arrangements were identified	naring arrangements

Programme element 4 — Mainstreaming	
<b>08.</b> Is your country mainstreaming or integrating national plans or strategies for description of the sectoral plans and cross-sectoral plans are sectoral plans.	or the conservation and programmes?
a) No	
b) No, but review is under way	×
c) No, but potential frameworks and mechanisms were identified	
d) Yes, some national plans or strategies mainstreamed and integrated into some sectoral plans and programmes (please specify below)	
e) Yes, some national plans or strategies mainstreamed into major sectoral plans and programmes (please provide details below)	
Further comments on mainstreaming and integrating national plans or strateg cross-sectoral plans and programmes.	ies in sectoral and
209. Is your country supporting the institutional framework and policy and plant the mainstreaming of agricultural biodiversity in agricultural strategies and action plans for biodiversity?  a) No	ning mechanisms for ction plans, and its
b) Yes, by supporting institutions in undertaking relevant assessments	×
c) Yes, by developing policy and planning guidelines	
d) Yes, by developing training material	
e) Yes, by supporting capacity-building at policy, technical and local levels	
<ul> <li>f) Yes, by promoting synergy in the implementation of agreed plans of action and between ongoing assessment and intergovernmental processes.</li> </ul>	
Fürther comments on support for institutional framework and policy and planning Plan to promote public awareness of PGR conservation and utilization through ne	g mechanisms.

This symbol deith feel dilestions already asked in the second national report of in one of the thematic reports. You may wish to skip succidentions if you do not have new information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your reason(s) for not responding using the table at question 247.

а.	ture, including trief wild relatives?	11
	No	
	Yes (please specify below)	×
Myanm	r comments on of the conservation of the variability of genetic reso ture in their center of origin. har Seed Bank has undergone series of joint scientific exploration and coll Japanese universities, especially for wild <i>Vigna spp</i> . of Myanmar	No. 17
	Annex II to decision VI/5 - Plan of Action	
	the International Initiative for the Conservation and Sustainable U	
211. (IPI)?	Is your country participating in the implementation of the International	Pollinators Initiati
a)	No (please specify below)	
b)	Yes	
THE STATE OF THE S	•	a shi dha dhadhan ann ann an ann ann ann ann ann ann a
	Flament 1 - Accourage	MOCIONISMO, estr. sk
	Element 1 - Assessment	
212.	Element 1 - Assessment  Is your country monitoring the status and trends of pollinators?	
2 <b>12.</b> ]	Element 1 - Assessment  Is your country monitoring the status and trends of pollinators?	
a) b)	Is your country monitoring the status and trends of pollinators?  No  Yes (please specify below)	
a) b)	Is your country monitoring the status and trends of pollinators?  No	
a) b) Further	Is your country monitoring the status and trends of pollinators?  No  Yes (please specify below)  comments on the means and methods of monitoring, and results.  Has your country made an assessment of the state of scientific and indige or conservation in order to identify gaps in knowledge and opportunities.	es for application
a) b) Turther	Is your country monitoring the status and trends of pollinators?  No Yes (please specify below)  comments on the means and methods of monitoring, and results.  Has your country made an assessment of the state of scientific and indigence conservation in order to identify gaps in knowledge and opportunitie dge?	es for application
a) b) Further  213. 1 pollinat knowle a)	Is your country monitoring the status and trends of pollinators?  No Yes (please specify below)  comments on the means and methods of monitoring, and results.  Has your country made an assessment of the state of scientific and indigence conservation in order to identify gaps in knowledge and opportunitie dge?	es for application

- y 7	Element 3 - Capacity-building	4
14. Is y Iistributio	our country building taxonomic capacity to carry out inventories of poin?	llinator diversity and
a) No	7	
b) No	but programmes are under development	
c) Yes		
<del></del>		
and the second		
	Element A - Mainstreaming	
	s your country integrated considerations of pollinator diversity and real biodiversity into its national biodiversity strategy and action plan, as	
	in the agricultural sector?	
a) No		
b) No	, but integration is under consideration	
c) Ye	S	
ox XLVI: nplemen	I - Please elaborate below the impacts or outcomes achieved ting this programme of work, particularly in terms of	by your country
(a)	Achieving priority objectives of your NBSAP (if applicable),	
(-,	Achieving the objectives and goals of the Strategic Plan of the	Convention,
(b)		
	Progressing toward the 2010 target.	
(b)		
(b)		

This symbol dentifies quostions already asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you do not have new information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your reason(s) for not responding using the table at question 247.

# Forest biological diversity Decision VI/22 - Forest biological diversity

a) No b) No, but collaborative programmes are under development c) Yes, activities being undertaken (please specify below the organizations with which your country is collaborating)  Further comments on collaboration with regional or international organizations.  Myanmar is collaborating with ASEAN countries in forest management and cons has developed criteria and indicators for sustainable forest management in acc Guidelines. Myanmar has been practicing Model Forest at forest management to has been carrying out capacity building in Sustainable Forest Management locally and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF?  a) No b) Yes  Further comments on cooperation and synergy between the expanded program CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF.  Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	
c) Yes, activities being undertaken (please specify below the organizations with which your country is collaborating)  Further comments on collaboration with regional or international organizations.  Myanmar is collaborating with ASEAN countries in forest management and cons has developed criteria and indicators for sustainable forest management in acc Guidelines. Myanmar has been practicing Model Forest at forest management in as been carrying out capacity building in Sustainable Forest Management locally and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF?  a) No b) Yes  Further comments on cooperation and synergy between the expanded program CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF.  Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	-
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Myanmar is collaborating with ASEAN countries in forest management and cons has developed criteria and indicators for sustainable forest management in acc Guidelines. Myanmar has been practicing Model Forest at forest management under carrying out capacity building in Sustainable Forest Management locally a speed of the country fostering cooperation and synergy between the expanded punder CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF?  a) No b) Yes  Further comments on cooperation and synergy between the expanded program CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF.  Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	×
Myanmar is collaborating with ASEAN countries in forest management and cons has developed criteria and indicators for sustainable forest management in acc Guidelines. Myanmar has been practicing Model Forest at forest management under carrying out capacity building in Sustainable Forest Management locally a speed of the country fostering cooperation and synergy between the expanded punder CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF?  a) No b) Yes  Further comments on cooperation and synergy between the expanded program CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF.  Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	3
a) No b) Yes  Further comments on cooperation and synergy between the expanded program CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF.  Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	cordance with ITTO
a) No b) Yes  Further comments on cooperation and synergy between the expanded program CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF.  Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	
Further comments on cooperation and synergy between the expanded program CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF.  Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	programme of work
Further comments on cooperation and synergy between the expanded program CBD and the multi-year programme of work under UNFF.  Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	
Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	×
Thirty year Master Plan of Forestry Sector entails measures to carry out the	nme of work under
conservation of forests to meet the expanded programme of work under UNFF.	: management and
Expanded Programme of Work on Forest Biological Diversit	ty
Programme Element 1 - Conservation, sustainable use and benefit	t-sharing
218. Is your country applying the ecosystem approach to the management of all	types of forests?
a) No	
b) No, but potential measures are being identified	
c) Yes, in some types of forests (please specify below measures undertaken)	
d) Yes, in most types of forests (please specify below measures undertaken)	<b>X</b>
Further comments on application of the ecosystem approach to management of for	rests.
Natural forest management is central to the conservation and management of for Management of ecosystem and sustainability are key components in Myanr Customary rights are acknowledged and certain access to use of forest resound indigenous communities. Development of provisions for Access to Genetic Resonance in pilot stage. Myanmar Timber Enterprise practises a timber harve causes minimal damage to the forests. Treatments in forests are mainly by national damage to the forests of the put under reserved forest so as the approach.	orests in Myanmar. mar Forest Policy.

219. Its your country reducing the threats and mitigating the impacts of threat forest biodiversity?	tening processes on
a) No	
b) No but potential measures are being identified	
c) No, but measures and practices are under development	
<ul> <li>d) Yes, some measures being implemented (please provide below details about these measures)</li> </ul>	×
e) Yes, comprehensive measures being implemented (please provide below details about these measures)	
Further comments on measures to reduce threats and mitigate the impacts of the on forest biodiversity.	hreatening processes
Establishment of Community Forest is allowed at 30 - year land tenure. For protected particularly in plantations. Shifting cultivation is restricted by adapticultural Technology in upland areas. Revisions of Forest Management Pleogrammes relating to public education and awareness are carried out from times.	rest fire is carefully opting Sloping Land ans are under way
220. Is your country taking measures to protect, recover and restore forest bio	logical diversity?
a) No '	
b) No, but potential measures are being identified	
c) No, but measures and practices are under development	
<ul> <li>d) Yes, some measures being implemented (please provide below details about these measures)</li> </ul>	
e) Yes, comprehensive measures being implemented (please provide below details about these measures)	×
Further comments on measures to protect, recover and restore forest biological	diversity.
Relevant laws promulgated to protect the forests. Cultural operations int extraction of timber. Natural regeneration is encouraged. Protected Areas have in-situ conservation of forest biological diversity. Myanmar Selection System e gradation of timber species while maintaining associate plants. Arrays of re capacity building of staff and villagers will reduce loss of forest biodiversity utilization of their produces. Frequent monitoring of forest cover with the use carried out with assistance of UNDP/FAO and JOFTA.	been established for ensures series of age search activities and through sustainable
221. Is your country promoting the sustainable use of forest biological diversit	y?
a) No	
b) No, but measures and practices are under development	A THE STATE OF THE
<ul> <li>c) Yes, some measures being implemented (please provide below details about these measures)</li> </ul>	
d) Yes, comprehensive measures being implemented (please provide below	×

This symbol identifies questions already asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you do not have new information to add. If this is the case please indicate your reason(s) for not responding using the table at question 247.

Further comments on the promotion of the sustainable use of forest biological diversity.

Thirty year Forest Master Plan stipulates comprehensive conservation and management of forests. Myanmar Selection System ensures diverse benefits to people of Myanmar including sustainable use of forests. The country is moving towards market oriented economy and efforts are being made to introduce technologies to make value added-products and to export them. Programmes are under development to seek means to utilize non-timber products aiming at substantial reduction of wood harvesting.

222. Is your country promoting access and benefit sharing of forest genetic res	ources?
a) No	
<ul> <li>b) Yes (please specify below policies, measures and regulations adopted in this field)</li> </ul>	×
	1

Further comments on the promotion of access and benefit-sharing of forest genetic resources.

Forest Policy (1995) and Protection of Wildlife and Wild Plants and Conservation of Natural Areas Law (1994) prescribed access and benefit-sharing of forest resources. Private entrepreneurs are invited to invest in forestry sector. Fifteen ecotourism sites of designated protected areas are established and access is given with precautionary measures to carry out scientific research and recreation so as to generate income of local community.

# Programme Element 2 - Institutional and socio-economic enabling environment 223. Is your country enhancing the institutional enabling environment for the conservation and sustainable use of forest biological diversity, including access and benefit-sharing? a) No b) Yes (please specify below measures or steps taken in this regard)

Further comments on the enhancement of the institutional enabling environment for the conservation and sustainable use of forest biological diversity, including access and benefit-sharing.

Dry Zone Greening Department was formed to strengthen institutional capacity. Staff trainings are given for capacity building. Workshops and seminars are conducted in collaboration with NGOs and international organizations in these areas. Environmental Conservation Committee was formed to carry out environmental conservation throughout the country.

224. Is your country addressing socio-economic failures and distortions that le result in loss of forest biological diversity?	ad to decisions that
a) No	
b) No, but review of socio-economic failures and distortions is under way	
<ul> <li>c) Yes, some problems identified and some measures being taken (please specify below the results of review and measures taken)</li> </ul>	×
<ul> <li>d) Yes, complete review completed and some measures being taken (please specify below the results of review and measures taken)</li> </ul>	

Further comments on review of socio-economic fallures and distortions that lead to decisions that result in loss of forest biological diversity.

Being a developing country basic complex socio-economic issues are common elsewhere over the world. The local community needs extension, education and awareness in most cases to improve the traditional practices that will prevent loss of forest, e.g. shifting cultivation. The relevant government sectors are coordinating to address this issue to the policy makers.

Progra	mme Element 3 – Knowledge, :	ssessment and monitoring
<b>225.</b> Has your count improve the assessme	ry developed a general classifica nt of the status and trends of fore	tion of forests on various scales in order to st biological diversity?
a) No	V VY N	
b) Yes		×

226. Is your country improving knowledge on an trends of forest biological diversity?	d methods for, the assessment of the status and	
a) No '	•	_
b) Yes (please provide details below)	×	

Further comments on improvement of knowledge on and methods for the assessment of the status and trends.

Myanmar Forest Department is working closely with FAO/UNDP organizations to assess forest cover. Forest Inventories are carried out every year to update management plans prepared for 64 districts. RIS/ GIS section of Forest Department has technical specialists, and they are improving methods on monitoring and assessment of forest biological diversity.

227.	Is yo	our	countr	y impi	roving	underst	anding	of the	role	of fo	rest	biodiy	ersity	and	ecosystem
functi	oning?	):	760	i dha.	1.10165000		40 1 4	Tokal	92. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Ý.		7. :	2.15	

a) No b) Yes (please provide details below)

Further comments on the improvement of the understanding of the role of forest biodiversity and ecosystem functioning. **河越上縣** 見在す

Forest Department has been conducting education programmes through different media to understand the public the role of forest biodiversity and ecosystem functions, competitions such as essay writing, poster drawing etc. are made at schools to enhance public awareness on forests biodiversity.

<b>2</b> :	28. Is your country improving the infrastructure for data and information to the information of global forest biodiversity?	n management	for
	a) No	×	
	b) Yes (please provide details below)		

This symbol identifies questions already asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you do not have new information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your reason(s) for not responding using the table at question 247

Further comments on the improvement of the infrastructure for data and information management.

Environmental Performance Assessment including forest biological diversity has been made by Strategic Environment Framework (SEF)-II project, Ministry of Forestry. Radio collaring of wild elephants has been done in Myanmar to monitor elephant range and to seek possible strategy to reduce human-elephant conflicts in Myanmar. Scientific organizations like SI, CAS, WCS and WBSJ are giving assistance to survey the biodiversity pertaining to forestry.

Box XLIX - Please elaborate below the impacts or outcomes achieved by your country in implementing this programme of work, particularly in terms of

- (a) Achieving priority objectives of your NBSAP (if applicable),
- (b) Achieving the objectives and goals of the Strategic Plan of the Convention,
- (c) Progressing toward the 2010 target.

Reservation of forests and formation of protected area systems have been progressing in Myanmar. Relevant laws were promulgated to protect forest biodiversity. A large forest genetic diversity is conserved. Natural disasters and catastrophes are less and not severe compared to other countries because of relatively good status of forests in Myanmar. Myanmar Forest Department has endeavoured to gazette reserved forest and protected areas as targeted before 2010.

# Box L - Please elaborate constraints or impediments encountered by your country in the implementation of this programme of work and associated decisions.

Inadequate financial and human resources are constraints in implementing this programme. Increased demand on forest land for fuel-wood, timber, other forest produces and other land uses are also constraints. Wood-based industries producing value added-products need to be improved so that they can be competitive at overseas market. At the moment wood-based industries are less competitive to export finished products. Hence, lack of appropriate technology is an impediment towards sustainability. Incentive measures need to be improved to invite private investment including introduction of technology to promote forest utilization and thereby enhancing forest conservation. Review on policy and legislation is needed to persuade private entrepreneurs to invest in biodiversity conservation.

#### Biological diversity of dry and sub-humid lands

Decision V/23 and decision VI/4 - Implementation of Programme of Work

<b>229.</b> Is your country supporting scientifically, technically and financially, a regional levels, the activities identified in the programme of work?	it the	national and
a) No		

Further comments on scientific, technical and financial support, at the national and regional levels, to the activities identified in the programme of work

Myanmar supports activities identified in the programme of work:

- National Action Programme of Myanmar to combat Desertification in the context of UNCCD was drafted.
- The Dry Zone Greening Department DZGD was constituted in 1997 to effectively maintain and improve the existing natural forests and to establish various types of forest plantation.
- Relevant measures have been taken to enhance people participation.
- Some protected areas were established in order to safeguard dry and sub-humid land ecosystem.
- Environmental Education programmes are being carried out.
- Surface water use has been encouraged by constructing small dams.
- Development of sustainable irrigation programmes for both crops and livestock is ongoing.
- Distribution of efficient cook stove is being made.

b) Yes (please provide details below)

×

230. Has your country integrated actions under the programme of work of dry a into its national biodiversity strategies and action plans (NBSAP) of the CBD or Programme (NAP) of the UNCCD?	and sub-humid lands the National Action	
a) No		
b) Yes (please provide details below)	×	
Further comments on actions under the programme of work of dry and sub-hur into national blodiversity strategies and action plans (NBSAP) of the CBD or Programme (NAP) of the UNCCD.	mid lands integrated the National Action	
National Action Plan (NAP) of Myanmar to Combat Desertification in the condrafted.	text of UNCCD was	
231. Has your country undertaken measures to ensure synergistic/collaborative the programme of work between the national UNCCD process and other process environmental conventions?		
a) No		
b) Yes, some linkages made (please provide details below)	×	
c) Yes, extensive linkages made (please give details below)		
Further comments on the measures to ensure the synergistic/collaborative improgramme of work between the national UNCCD processes and other processes environmental conventions.	plementation of the esses under related	
Despite drafting the NAP is under the process, DZGD is implementing progra conservation of dry and sub-humid land ecosystem.	nmmes as related to	
1	operation and the state of the	
232. Has your country assessed and analyzed information of the state of drylar and the pressures on it, to disseminate existing knowledge and best practices, gaps in order to determine adequate activities?		
a) No		
b) No, but assessment is ongoing		
c) Yes, some assessments made	×	
d) Yes, a comprehensive assessment undertaken		
Further comments on the relevant information on assessments of the state participation in relevant global, regional, national assessments; webpage a documentation.		
An assessment of status and trend of Star tortoise (Geochelone platynota) conservation centres are being established in the Dry Zone.	was made and three	
With the kind technical and financial assistances of SI and MBK, assessments were made on the status and trends of flora including medicinal plants in Myanmar.		

This symbol dentities usesticns already asked in the second national report or in one of the memalic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you do not have new reformation to add. If this is the case, please indicatingour managing for not responding using the table at question, 247.

233. Has your country identified specific areas within dry and sub-humid lands for biological diversity and/or under particular threat?	of particular value
a) No	
b) Yes, some areas identified and protective measures are being planned	
c) Yes, some areas identified and protective measures in place	×
d) Yes, many areas identified and protective measures are being planned	
e) Yes, many areas identified and protective measures in place	
In order to protect dry forest type and dryland ecosystems, altogether twel covering total area of 6446.77 sq. km have been established.	ve protected areas
234. Has your country set specific targets for the protection of such areas of each ecosystem under consideration?	particular value for
a) No	
b) Yes, some targets developed and relevant measures being planned (please provide details below)	×
<ul> <li>c) Yes, many targets set and protective measures in place (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	
Further comments on the identification of areas of particular value and/or under developed and implemented.  Specific targets are set in the draft NAP.	threat and targets
235. Has your country developed explicit indicators for use in the assessment of	The second section of the second section of the second section of the second section s
of biological diversity in dry and sub-humid lands?	or status and trends
a) No	×
b) Yes, indicators developed and being tested (please provide details below)	
c) Yes, a comprehensive set of indicators being applied in the systematic assessment of status and trends (please provide details below)	
Further comments on the development of indicators for use in the assessment of a biological diversity in dry and sub-humid lands.	status and trends of
236. Are specific studies/projects being undertaken to help build knowledge on and social processes that affect the biological diversity of dry and sub-humid lands	ecological, physical s?
a) No	
b) No, but studies/projects are under way or planned	×
c) Yes, well developed national research framework in place and information systematically gathered (please provide details below)	
Further comments on the studies/projects undertaken to help build the knowl physical and social processes that affect the biological diversity of dry and sub-hui	edge on ecological, mid lands.

benefits of biological diversity of dry and sub-humid lands, including the inter- biodiversity, the loss thereof and poverty?	ify local and global relationship between
a) No	
b) No, but studies/projects under way or planned	×
<ul> <li>c) Yes, comprehensive information on these issues available (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	**************************************
Further comments on the studies/projects that aim to identify local and global diversity of dry and sub-humid lands (including information on contact ad institutions undertaking such studies/projects, lists of publications and web relevant documentation).	draceae of rolouant
238. Is your country identifying and evaluating best-management practices	s systematically and
disseminating this information more widely?	
a) No	
<ul> <li>b) Yes, best-management practices in place but need to be evaluated and documented (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	×
c) Yes, many best practices known, well documented and readily available (please provide details below)	
Further comments on the best-management practices.	1
$\label{lem:community-based} \begin{picture}(200,0) \put(0,0){\line(1,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(1,0)$	can be seen in some
	MARIE MARIEMA Abraha Ab
239. Has your country taken measures to implement the proposals for t specified in part B of annex I of decision V/23, i.e. activities 7, 8 and 9?	argeted actions, as
a) No	
b) Yes, Some measures taken (please provide details below)	×
c) Yes, many measures taken (please provide details below)	Walter Address Actions
Further comments on the measures taken to implement the proposals for specified in part B of annex I of decision V/23.	targeted actions as
DZGD is making efforts to raise momentum in rehabilitation of natural fore various types of plantations as a part of implementing targeted actions.	sts and establishing

This symbol decrees constrains alknow assess to the several national capitals in one of the thermatic regions of using a sample auch questions if you do not have new information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your reason. For retriests, direct using the table at question 047.

<b>240.</b> Has your country implemented the above-mentioned activities (activities of the programme of work on dry and sub-humid lands) in the ways as identified	7, 8 and 9 in part B n part B?
a) No	
<ul> <li>b) Yes (please specify means and ways, i.e. through capacity building, demonstration sites, case studies, improved consultation, enhanced coordination between CBD and UNCCD implementation, partnerships)</li> </ul>	×
Further comments on ways and means of implementation.	
DZGD is working together with international NGOs to strengthen capacity building	programmes.
`	
<b>241.</b> Has your country taken measures to strengthen national capacities, include to enhance the implementation of the programme of work?	ling local capacities,
a) No	
b) Yes, some measures taken	×
c) Yes, comprehensive measures taken	
d) Yes, all identified capacity needs met	
DZGD has taken some measures to strengthen people participation through t demonstration sites.	he establishment of
Box LI - Please elaborate below the impacts or outcomes achieved to implementing this programme of work, particularly in terms of  (a) Achieving priority objectives of your NBSAP (if applicable),  (b) Achieving the objectives and goals of the Strategic Plan of the (c) Progressing toward the 2010 target.	

#### **Operations of the Convention**

Decision V/20	
<b>242.</b> Has your country actively participated in subregional and regional activities for Convention meetings and enhance implementation of the Convention?	in order to prepare
a) No	
b) Yes (please specify the activities your country is involved)	×
Further comments on the regional and subregional activities your country is involved	ved
Myanmar has been actively participating in activities of Working Group on Natur Biodiversity (AWGNCB), Working Group on Marine and Coastal Environment (AW Group on Multilateral Environmental Agreements (AWGMEA).	re Conservation and GNCB) and Working
Decision VI/27 B - Operations of the Convention	
<b>243.</b> Is your country strengthening regional and subregional cooperation, enhandermoting synergies with relevant regional and subregional processes?	icing integration and
a) No	
b) Yes (please provide details below)	×
Further comments on regional and subregional cooperation and processes.	
Myanmar has been cooperating with ASEAN to implement ASEAN Environment Framework such as ASEAN Vision 2020, Ha Noi Plan of Action, Strategic Plane Environment, K.L Declaration.	in of Action on the
The following question (244) is for DEVELOPED COUNTRIES	
<b>244.</b> Is your country supporting the work of existing regional coordination in development of regional and subregional networks or processes?	nechanisms and the
a) No	
b) No, but programmes are under development	
<ul> <li>Yes, included in existing cooperation frameworks (please provide details below)</li> </ul>	
d) Yes, some cooperative activities ongoing (please provide details below)	
Further comments on support for the work of existing regional coordination r development of regional and subregional networks or processes.	nechanisms and the

This symbol identifies questions already asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports. You may wish reskip such questions if you to not cave new information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your reason(s) for not responding using the table of question 147.

245. Is your country working with other Parties to strengthen the existing regi mechanisms and initiatives for capacity-building?	onal and subregional
a) No	
b) Yes	×

a) No		
b) Yes (please provide details below)	•	×
irther comments on contribution to the a	ssessment of the regional a	nd subregional mechanisms.

#### Questions related to this report

247. The table below was conceived to identify which questions you chose not to answer and, at the same time, your reasons for not answering.

For this purpose, all question numbers are listed below in three columns, and for each question four possible answers are provided in the form of four boxes in the row to the right of each question number. Each box is identified by the letters (a), (b), (c), and (d), which correspond to the following reasons for not answering: 的被的数据

- a. This question has already been asked in the second national report or in one of the thematic reports, and there is no new information to provide
- b. This question cannot be answered due to lack of human and/or financial resources to obtain relevant information and/or data
- c. This question is not applicable to the national circumstances
- d. This question is not a priority for national action at this stage

#### So, please

- 1) Identify the question(s) you have chosen not to answer; and
- Tick one or more of the four boxes (in the row to the right of the question number) that best correspond to the reason for not answering such question(s)

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This symbol identifies questions already asked in the second national report or in one of the inematic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you do not have new information to add. If this is the case, please indicate your reason(s) for not responding using the table at question 247

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Question		Rea	sons		Question Reasons				Question	Reasons				
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Further reasons for not answering questions.	-
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# Box LIII - Please provide below recommendations on how to improve this reporting format.

This format has a comprehensive arrangement with many demanding questions which can provide information on how the contracting parties are implementing and implemented the Convention. However, as programmes of work on thematic areas are interlinking, some boxes and questions should be combined and/or reduced to avoid duplication in providing information.

This symbol identifies questions already asked in the second national report or in one of the mematic reports. You may wish to skip such questions if you do not have new information to add. If this is the case please indicate your reason(s) for not responding using the table at question 247.