Action Plan for Implementing the Convention on Biological Diversity's Programme of Work on Protected Areas



(State of Kuwait)

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Protected area information:

PoWPA Focal Point:

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Lead implementing agency:

Environment Public Authority

Multi-stakeholder committee:

Environment Public Authority

Public Authority for Agriculture and Fish Resources

Kuwait Institute for Scientific Research

Kuwait Municipality

Ministry of Interior

Ministry of Defense

Kuwait Volunteer Center

Description of protected area system

National Targets and Vision for Protected Areas

- Protection and conservation of ecosystems and biodiversity,
- Conservation of cultural values,
- Scientific researches,
- Public awareness,
- Sustainability of resources,
- Ecotourism,

Coverage

Current and proposed protected areas cover about 3606.935 km². The area represents 20% of Kuwait's total area.

Description and background

No	Name	Status
1.	Jahra Pool Reserve	Established in 1987
2.	Doha Reserve	Established in 1988
3.	Sabah Al-Ahmad Natural Reserve	Established in 1987, renamed in 2004
4.	Sulaibikhat Bay Bird Sanctuary	Established in 2000
5.	Mubarak Al-Kabeer Reserve	Declared in 2010
6.	Um Neqa	Declared in 2011
7.	Al-Howaimeliah	Declared in 2011
8.	Um Qudair	Declared in 2011
9.	Wadi Al-Batin	Declared in 2011
10.	Khadmah/Khuwaisat Area	Declared in 2012, added to Jahra Reserve area
11.	Transboundary Area	Declared in 2011

Governance types

No	Name	Governance
1.	Jahra Pool Reserve	EPA (Government Agency)
2.	Doha Reserve	EPA (Government Agency)
3.	Sabah Al-Ahmad Natural Reserve	KCVW (NGO)
4.	Sulaibikhat Bay Bird Sanctuary	KCVW (NGO)
5.	Mubarak Al-Kabeer Reserve	EPA, PAAF (Co-managed, Government Agencies)
6.	Um Neqa	EPA, PAAF (Co-managed, Government Agencies)
7.	Al-Howaimeliah	EPA, PAAF (Co-managed, Government Agencies)
8.	Um Qudair	EPA, PAAF (Co-managed, Government Agencies)
9.	Wadi Al-Batin	EPA, PAAF (Co-managed, Government Agencies)
10.	Khadmah/Khuwaisat Area	EPA (Government Agency)
11.	Transboundary Area	EPA, PAAF (Co-managed, Government Agencies)

Key threats

- Human activities (hunting, over-grazing, off-road driving, camping, etc..)
- Pollution
- Climate change

Barriers for effective implementation

- Lack of necessary funds
- Lack of inter-organizational communication and integration

Status, priority and timeline for key actions of the Programme of Work on Protected Areas

Status of key actions of the Programme of Work on Protected Areas

Status of key actions of the Programme of Work on Protected Areas	Status
 Progress on assessing gaps in the protected area network (1.1) 	1
 Progress in assessing protected area integration (1.2) 	1
 Progress in establishing transboundary protected areas and regional 	1
networks (1.3)	
 Progress in developing site-level management plans (1.4) 	1-2
 Progress in assessing threats and opportunities for restoration (1.5) 	3
 Progress in assessing equitable sharing of benefits (2.1) 	2
 Progress in assessing protected area governance (2.1) 	2
Progress in assessing the participation of indigenous and local	(No local communities
communities in key protected area decisions (2.2)	in PAs)
 Progress in assessing the policy environment for establishing and 	2
managing protected areas (3.1)	
 Progress in assessing the values of protected areas (3.1) 	3
 Progress in assessing protected area capacity needs (3.2) 	3
 Progress in assessing the appropriate technology needs (3.3) 	1
 Progress in assessing protected area sustainable finance needs (3.4) 	1
 Progress in conducting public awareness campaigns (3.5) 	2
 Progress in developing best practices and minimum standards (4.1) 	1
Progress in assessing management effectiveness (4.2)	2
Progress in establishing an effective PA monitoring system (4.3)	2
Progress in developing a research program for protected areas (4.4)	2
Progress in assessing opportunities for marine protection	3
Progress in incorporating climate change aspects into protected areas	1
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Status: 0 = no work, 1 = just started, 2 = partially complete, 3 = nearly complete, 4 = complete

Priority actions for fully implementing the Programme of Work on Protected Areas:

- Strengthen the communication and cooperation among concerned stakeholders.
- Integration of conservation work and issues
- Issue necessary legislation on protected areas designation and governance.
- Review and implementation of protected areas management plans.
- Developing best practices and minimum standards for protected areas.

Timeline for completion of key actions

2-3 years

Action Plans for completing priority actions of the Programme of Work on Protected Areas

- Strengthen the communication and cooperation among concerned stakeholders.
 - o Establish a permanent joint committee for protected areas
 - o Ensure effective participation of all concerned parties and stakeholders
- Integration of conservation work and issues
 - o Specify the priority conservation issues
 - Define the role of each organization
 - o Develop, communicate and implement action plans for each organization
- Issue necessary legislation on protected areas designation and governance.
 - o Review the proposed legislation for PAs
 - o Follow up steps necessary for the issuance of the legislation
 - o Implement and enforce the legislation articles

- Development, implementation and Review of protected areas management plans.
 - o Develop/establish site-specific management plans for protected areas
 - o Declare the management plan of each protected area
 - o Evaluate management plans for protected areas
 - o Implement the management plans
 - o Review of management plans within the PAs committee
- Developing best practices and minimum standards for protected areas.
 - o Collaborate with other Parties and relevant organizations, particularly IUCN, on the development, testing, review and promotion of protected areas standards and best practices on planning and management, governance and participation.
 - o Develop and implement an efficient, long-term monitoring system
 - o Use monitoring results to adapt and improve protected area management based on the ecosystem approach.
 - o Develop appropriate methods, standards, criteria and indicators for evaluating the effectiveness of protected area management and governance, and set up a related database.
 - o Implement national and regional programs to monitor and assess the status and trends of biodiversity within protected area systems and sites.
 - o Use of new technologies including geographic information system and remote sensing tools for monitoring protected areas.

Action 1: (Strengthen the communication and cooperation among concerned stakeholders)

Key steps	Timeline	Responsible parties	Indicative budget
Establish a permanent joint committee for protected areas	3-6 months	EPA	
Ensure effective participation of all concerned parties and stakeholders	3-6 months	EPA, PAAF, KM, KISR, KCVW, MOI, MOD, KOC,	

Action 2: (Integration of conservation work and issues)

Key steps	Timeline	Responsible	Indicative
		parties	budget
Specify the priority conservation issues	6-12 months	EPA, PAAF, KISR,	
		KCVW, MOI	
Define the role of each organization	6-12 months	EPA, PAAF, KM,	
		KISR, KCVW, MOI,	
		MOD, KOC, etc	
Develop, communicate and implement action	6-12 months	EPA, PAAF, KM,	
plans for each organization		KISR, KCVW, MOI,	
		MOD, KOC, etc	

Action 3: (Issue necessary legislation on protected areas designation and governance)

Key steps	Timeline	Responsible parties	Indicative budget
Review the proposed legislation for PAs	3-6 months	EPA	
Follow up steps necessary for the issuance of the legislation	3-6 months	ЕРА	
Implement and enforce the legislation articles	1-2 years	EPA, PAAF, KM, KOC	

Action 4: (Development, implementation and Review of protected areas management plans)

Key steps	Timeline	Responsible parties	Indicative budget
Develop/establish site-specific management plans for protected areas	6-12 months	EPA, PAAF, KISR, KCVW	
Declare the management plan of each protected area	3-6 months	EPA, PAAF, KISR, KCVW	
Evaluate management plans for protected areas	3-6 months	EPA, PAAF, KISR, KCVW	
Implement the management plans	1-2 years	EPA, PAAF, KM, KISR, KCVW, MOI, MOD, KOC, etc	
Review of management plans within the PAs committee	3-6 months	EPA, PAAF, KM, KISR, KCVW, MOI, MOD, KOC, etc	

Action 5: (Developing best practices and minimum standards for protected areas)

Key steps	Timeline	Responsible parties	Indicative budget
Collaborate with other Parties and relevant organizations, particularly IUCN, on the development, testing, review and promotion of protected areas standards and best practices on planning and management, governance and participation.	1-2 years	EPA	
Develop and implement an efficient, long- term monitoring system	1-2 years	EPA	
Use monitoring results to adapt and improve protected area management based on the ecosystem approach.	6-12 months	EPA	
Develop appropriate methods, standards, criteria and indicators for evaluating the effectiveness of protected area management and governance, and set up a related database.	2-3 years	EPA	
Implement national and regional programs to monitor and assess the status and trends of biodiversity within protected area systems and sites.	2-3 years	EPA	
Use of new technologies including geographic information system and remote sensing tools for monitoring protected areas.	1-2 years	EPA	

Key assessment results

Ecological gap assessment

- Fragmentation of protected areas (habitats)
- Not all ecosystems are covered in protected areas

Management effectiveness assessment

- Lack of clear management plans for some protected areas
- Lack of communication and cooperation between related agencies

Sustainable finance assessment

- Sustainable finance is not yet established in the management plans of protected areas
- Lack of clear vision for ecotourism

Capacity needs assessment

- Allocation of necessary funds for protected areas conservation and management
- Capacity building for PAs designation, planning and management
- Capacity building for monitoring
- Capacity building for conservation activities
- Capacity building for scientific research and use of modern technology
- Provide incentives for skilled work force in PAs
- Strengthen scientific expertise integration and networking among related agencies
- Establishment of a rangers system for protection and monitoring

Policy environment assessment

- An Environmental strategy as well as a Biodiversity strategy is available but implementation is not equally enforced for all articles
- There is a proposed legislation to establish several terrestrial and marine protected areas in Kuwait. This legislation is still undergoing deliberations.

Protected area integration and mainstreaming assessment

- Protected areas (current and proposed) are integrated into Kuwait Municipality Master
 Plan to ensure that land use is controlled
- All proposed projects sites and EIAs are forwarded for study and approval by EPA

Protected area valuation assessment

 EPA is currently working in collaboration with World Bank for valuation of ecosystems and resources in Kuwait

Climate change resilience and adaptation assessment

- Kuwait recently declared a number of protected areas for environmental rehabilitation