

Environmental expenditures in the Czech Republic

VÝDAJE NA ŽIVOTNÍ PROSTŘEDÍ
ENVIRONMENTAL EXPENDITURES D2

D2 – ENVIRONMENTAL EXPENDITURES

Expenditures for environmental protection

The monitoring of environmental protection expenditures is performed by the Czech Statistical Office (expenditures for capital assets for environmental protection, non-capital expenditures for environmental protection and the economic benefits of environmental protection activities) and the Ministry of Finance (environmental protection expenditures from public budgets).

Statistically monitored expenditures for environmental protection include expenditures for acquiring long-term tangible assets for the protection of the environment and non-investment expenses for environmental protection. Data concerning long-term tangible assets represent the sum of expenditures that units invest to acquire long-term tangible assets (through purchase or their own activities), together with the total value of long-term tangible assets acquired through contributions, by transfer pursuant to appropriate legislative provisions, or by redeployment from personal to business use. Non-investment expenses include payroll, rent payments, utilities, and other materials and payments for services for which the main purpose is environmental protection.

Environmental protection projects include:

Protection of the air and the climate which encompasses, e.g., modification of technical processes to prevent the generation of pollution (for protection of the air, climate and ozone layer), removal of waste gases and ventilation air, entrapment and removal of solid and gaseous emissions, and air quality monitoring equipment.

Management of waste waters which encompasses, e.g., modification of technical processes to prevent the generation of pollution, construction of waste water treatment plants, construction of sewer networks with the provision for connection to waste water treatment plants, management of cooling waters, and water quality monitoring equipment.

Waste management which encompasses, e.g. modification of technical processes to prevent the generation of pollution, installations and equipment for collection, accumulation, transport, separation and treatment of wastes, construction of incinerators, recycling plants, establishing of landfills, composting facilities, decontamination of old landfills, and waste monitoring equipment.

Protection and decontamination of the soil and ground and surface waters which encompasses, e.g., the prevention of the depositing of solid substances into the soil, incl. subsequent infiltration into waters, prevention of contamination and degradation of the soil by chemical effects and subsequent decontamination, protection of the soil against erosion, slope movements and other degradation caused by physical phenomena, including costs for dealing with landslides, and costs for geological studies intended to protect the soil and ground and surface waters.

Abatement of noise and vibrations (except for the protection of the workplace) which encompasses, e.g., the prevention of the generation of noise and vibrations through modification of technology, and structures, implementation of installations to reduce noise and vibrations in highway, railway and air transport and industry, and measuring equipment.

Protection of the landscape and biodiversity (species diversity) which encompasses, e.g., the protection and renewal of habitats and species, protection of natural and semi-natural types of landscape, protection and renewal of the elements of ecological stability, recovery of the hydrological network, and expenditures to meet obligations pursuant to Sections 35 and 32 of Act No. 44/1988 Coll., on the protection and use of mineral wealth (the Mining Act).

Protection against radiation which encompasses, e.g., anti-radon measures, geological work connected with the aspect of locating deep storage sites for nuclear waste, measuring equipment, and transport and management of highly radioactive waste.

Research and development which encompasses research and development concerned with the protection of the air, climate and ozone layer, water protection, waste management, protection of the soil and ground water, reduction of noise and vibrations, protection of biodiversity and the landscape, and protection against radiation and other research on the environment.

Other activities in protection of the environment which include, e.g., the acquisition of long-term tangible property for prevention against floods, education in the area of protection of the environment, and training and instruction.

Until 2001, data on capital expenditures for environmental protection was based on the CSO's Iv 3-01 Report, while in 2002 the data was based on the CSO's P 5-01 and VI 1-01 Reports. In 2003, the requirement to start measuring non-capital expenditures led to the creation of an independent report entitled ŽP 1-01, which was intended for the business sector. Public sector data continued to be determined using the VI 1-01 Report and it only included data on expenditures for capital assets for environmental protection. Since 2006, the treatment of the business and the public sectors has been unified, with the same ŽP 1-01 Report being sent within both sectors.

More detailed information on environmental protection expenditures is available in the Czech Statistical Office, Environment Statistics Unit.

Environmental protection expenditures monitored by the Ministry of Finance include environmental protection expenditures by central sources (the state budget, state funds and the National Property Fund that no longer exists and whose resources are administered by the MF) and regional budgets.

The most significant central financing source, i.e. with respect to the amount of financial resources for environmental protection activities, is the state budget. Aid provided from the state budget includes subsidies, interest free loans (returnable financial aid) and guarantees for commercial loans. Since 1997, the structure of environmental protection expenditures has corresponded to the budget structure issued by the MF. The same environmental expenditure monitoring methodology, which corresponds to the statistical reporting used by EU countries, is also used by the CSO.

Another public central source of environmental expenditures is environmental protection expenditures by state funds. Since 1997, all environmental protection expenditures from state funds have been monitored pursuant to the applicable budget structure. The most important element for the monitoring of expenditures is the State Environmental Fund that was established in 1991. The sources of this state fund's revenues include revenues from

charges for polluting the environment and for using natural resources, as well as some of the revenues from fines.

The third central source is the no-longer existent National Property Fund of the Czech Republic (NPF CR) that had been established pursuant to the Privatisation Act. Even though it was not a state fund, it is included in public budgets. It was abolished by Act No. 178/2005 Coll. as of 1 January 2006. Both its competencies and the resources used to rehabilitate old ecological burdens are now administered by the Ministry of Finance.

In addition to central sources, regional budgets represent another significant source of public environmental protection expenditures. Regional budgets include the budgets of regions of municipalities.

More detailed information on environmental protection expenditures is available in the Czech Statistical Office, Environment Statistics Unit.

D2.1 Veřejné výdaje na ochranu životního prostředí *Public environmental protection expenditures*

Tab. D2.1.1 Výdaje na ochranu životního prostředí a pitnou vodu z centrálních zdrojů, 2003–2007

Expenditures for protection of the environment and drinking water from central sources, 2003–2007

Zdroj výdajů	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Source of expenditures
	mil. Kč běžné ceny	mil. CZK current prices				
Státní rozpočet	5 988,2	6 613,8	7 547,5	16 252,8	18 169,1	State budget
Státní fondy	4 722,6	4 203,2	3 448,2	2 406,0	1 700,0	State funds
FNM ¹⁾	2 587,3	3 563,3	6 022,0	4 608,0	4 712,0	NPF ¹⁾
Celkem	13 298,1	14 380,3	17 017,7	23 266,8	24 581,1	Total

¹⁾ K 1. 1. 2006 byl FNM ČR zrušen zákonem č. 178/2005 Sb. Jeho kompetence a prostředky vynakládané k odstranění starých ekologických škod nyní spravuje Ministerstvo financí mimo státní rozpočet.
The National Property Fund of the Czech Republic was abolished by Act No. 178/2005 Coll. as of 1 January 2006. Both its competencies and the resources used to rehabilitate old ecological burdens are now administered by the Ministry of Finance beside state budget.

Zdroj: MF, MŽP, FNM
Source: MF CZ, ME CZ, The National Property Fund

Tab. D2.1.2 Struktura výdajů státního rozpočtu na ochranu životního prostředí, 2003–2007
State budget expenditures for environmental protection, 2003–2007

Popis činností	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Item
	tis. Kč běžné ceny	thous. CZK current prices				
Odvádění a čištění odpadních vod, kaly	821 509,83	640 841,06	883 793,40	3 795 763,35	4 822 797,60	Sewers and treatment of waste water, sludge
Prevence znečištování vody	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	82 736,09	Prevention of water pollution
Úprava drobných vodních toků	363 166,01	464 293,31	309 995,12	180 550,79	1 232 346,98	Modification of small water courses
Ochrana vody celkem	1 184 675,84	1 105 134,37	1 193 788,52	3 976 314,14	6 137 880,67	Total water protection
Programy zateplování a úspor energie	129 328,52	118 783,20	174 115,42	225 101,08	200 079,03	Programs of insulation and energy savings
Odstraňování tuhých emisí	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	732,91	Removal of solid emissions
Odstraňování plynných emisí	0,00	0,00	0,00	3 591,80	0,00	Removal of gas emissions
Změny technologií vytápění	1 466,48	65 575,04	69 890,95	267 528,63	279 323,65	Changes in heating technology
Monitoring ochrany ovzduší	0,00	0,00	0,00	2012,98	0,00	Monitoring of air protection
Ostatní činnosti k ochraně ovzduší JN	7 308,67	0,00	8 744,06	17 153,81	12 207,62	Other activities in air protection n.e.c.
Ochrana ovzduší celkem	138 103,67	189 705,74	252 750,43	515 388,30	492 343,21	Total air protection
Stěr a svoz nebezpečných odpadů	142 168,44	567 364,57	1 118 916,66	1 343 799,07	685 906,20	Collection of hazardous waste
Stěr a svoz komunálních odpadů	42 425,54	40 995,11	38 704,71	38 098,42	39 115,60	Collection of municipal waste
Stěr a svoz ostatních odpadů	12 548,13	14 062,64	16 632,33	19 429,33	28 517,30	Collection of other waste
Využívání a zneškodňování nebezpečných odpadů	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	12 989,68	Utilization and disposal of hazardous waste
Využívání a zneškodňování komunálního odpadu	211,42	224,63	20,72	198,36	0,99	Utilization and disposal of municipal waste
Ostatní nakládání s odpady JN	46 566,62	0,00	85 991,10	177 907,53	398 147,44	Other waste management n.e.c.
Nakládání s odpady celkem	243 920,15	672 277,55	1 260 265,52	1 579 432,71	1 164 677,21	Total waste management
Ochrana půdy a podzemní vody proti znečištějícím infiltracím	21 472,75	31 305,94	22 521,83	36 040,58	22 869,75	Protection of soil and ground water against pollution by infiltration
Dekontaminace půd a čištění podzemní vody	237 920,70	214 404,07	170 807,64	173 562,15	161 771,48	Soil decontamination and the treatment of ground water

Tab. D2.1.2, pokračování/continued

Popis činnosti	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Item
	tis. Kč běžné ceny	thous. CZK current prices				
Ostatní ochrana půdy a podzemní vody JN	38 101,42	81 028,70	122 442,89	55 678,66	57 768,38	Other protection of soil and ground water n.e.c.
Ochrana půdy a podzemní vody celkem	297 494,87	326 738,71	315 772,36	265 281,39	242 409,61	Total protection of soil and ground water
Celospolečenské funkce lesů	194 201,91	198 077,20	110 449,60	206 225,75	207 037,85	General social function of forests
Revitalizace říčních systémů	466 039,17	495 197,41	472 858,86	503 296,21	426 640,84	Revitalization of river systems
Ochrana druhů a stanovišť	46 879,00	44 535,00	44 535,00	42 206,00	49 202,12	Protection of species and habitats
Chráněné části přírody	884 056,26	776 171,77	836 467,91	841 164,39	951 985,67	Protected areas of nature
Rekulтивace půdy v důsledku těžební a důlní činnosti apod.	61 713,00	70 000,00	76 402,00	76 305,00	82 716,00	Soil reclamation following mining activities
Protierození, protilavinová a protipožární ochrana	724 525,57	796 595,01	907 670,25	752 704,64	642 932,63	Erosion, avalanche and fire prevention measures
Péče o vzhled obcí a veřejnou zelen	3 005,92	2 936,52	18 076,00	3 406,00	39 383,80	Care for the appearance of municipalities and public greenery
Ostatní činnosti k ochraně přírody a krajiny JN	254 672,87	258 438,91	229 325,95	224 875,63	244 954,14	Other activities in the protection of nature and the landscape n.e.c.
Ochrana biodiverzity a krajiny celkem	2 635 093,70	2 641 951,82	2 695 785,57	2 650 183,62	2 644 853,05	Total protection of biodiversity and the landscape
Ústřední státní správa v ochraně životního prostředí	545 602,33	526 211,49	550 332,14	599 307,68	608 071,06	Central state administration in environmental protection
Ostatní orgány státní správy v ochraně životního prostředí	361 512,64	360 807,19	376 545,91	377 322,82	420 231,00	Other bodies of state administration in environmental protection
Správa v ochraně životního prostředí celkem	907 114,97	887 018,68	926 878,05	976 630,50	1 028 302,06	Total administration in environmental protection
Výzkum životního prostředí celkem	296 717,82	332 294,82	338 388,35	198 230,64	345 068,58	Total environmental research
Mezinárodní spolupráce v životním prostředí	43 246,37	72 975,68	55 703,04	48 795,14	53 520,79	International cooperation on the environment
Ekologická výchova a osvěta	20 242,35	18 919,98	75 909,91	179 489,34	173 320,21	Environmental enlightenment and public awareness

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ENVIRONMENTAL EXPENDITURE

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Tab. D2.1.2, pokračování/continued

Popis činností	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Item
	tis. Kč běžné ceny	thous. CZK current prices				
Ekologické programy v dopravě	88 500,00	60 000,00	34 500,00	181 614,20	58 141,04	Environmental programs in transportation
Ekologické záležitosti a programy JN	133 112,73	306 736,22	397 732,07	5 681 486,78 ¹⁾	5 828 564,51	Environmental aspects and programs n.e.c.
Ostatní činnosti v ekologii celkem	285 101,45	458 631,88	563 845,02	6 091 385,46	6 113 546,55	Total other environmental activities
Výdaje na ochranu ŽP celkem	5 988 222,47	6 613 753,57	7 547 473,82	16 252 846,76 ¹⁾	18 169 080,94 ¹⁾	Total expenditures for protection of the environment

1) Nárůst finančních prostředků v r. 2006 a 2007 proti r. 2005 je v důsledku zapojení finančních prostředků z evropských fondů.

The increase in financial resources in 2006 and 2007 resulted from the inclusion of European fundresources.

Zdroj: MF
Source: MF CZ

Tab. D2.1.3 Struktura výdajů územních rozpočtů na ochranu životního prostředí, 2003–2007
The structure of expenditures from territorial budgets for environmental protection, 2003–2007

Popis činností	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Item
	tis. Kč běžné ceny	thous. CZK current prices				
Odvod a čištění odpadních vod	9 062 700	9 541 981	10 267 747	11 384 009	10 401 375	Sewers and treatment of waste water
Prevence znečištění vody	53 227	5 834	7 652	9 121	5 440	Prevention of water pollution
Odvod a čištění odpadních vod JN	81 007	68 338	113 322	131 013	173 686	Sewers and treatment of waste water n.e.c.
Úpravy drobných vodních toků	320 915	301 935	313 966	342 547	352 747	Modification of minor water courses
Ochrana vody celkem	9 517 849	9 918 088	10 702 687	11 866 690	10 933 248	Water protection, total
Programy zateplování a úspory energie	14 629	9 154	11 035	78 615	40 182	Promotion of insulation and energy savings
Odstraňování tuhých emisí	0	0	0	0	3	Eliminating PM emissions
Odstraňování plynných emisí	0	0	0	0	24	Eliminating gaseous emissions
Změny technologií vytápění	207 760	219 286	177 396	271 605	89 872	Changes in heating technology
Opatření ke snižování produkce skleníkových plynů	0	0	0	0	1 443	Measures to reduce greenhouse gas production

Tab. D2.13, pokračování continued

Popis činnosti	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Item
	tis. Kč běžné ceny	thous. CZK current prices				
Změny výrob. technologií za účelem odstranění emisí	0	0	0	0	1 427	Production technology changes to eliminate emissions
Monitoring ochrany ovzduší	16 043	22 053	24 145	23 754	20 733	Monitoring of air protection
Ostatní činnosti k ochraně ovzduší JN	48 045	74 923	20 906	26 868	13 306	Other activities in air protection n.e.c.
Ochrana ovzduší celkem	286 477	325 416	233 482	400 842	166 990	Air protection, total
Stěr a zpracování druhotných surovin	12 338	14 818	22 683	17 610	13 186	Collection and processing of secondary raw materials
Stěr a svoz nebezpečných odpadů	97 844	115 424	130 067	118 250	126 064	Collection of hazardous waste
Stěr a svoz komunálních odpadů	4 099 125	4 610 096	5 123 438	5 371 619	5 692 343	Collection of municipal waste
Stěr a svoz ostatních odpadů	159 048	207 983	232 436	288 394	344 088	Collection of other waste
Využití a zneškodnění nebezpečných odpadů	21 336	40 809	26 750	50 822	35 332	Utilization and disposal of hazardous waste
Využití a zneškodnění komunálních odpadů	637 462	746 514	866 394	1 071 245	1 093 613	Utilization and disposal of municipal waste
Využití a zneškodnění ostatních odpadů	38 285	38 588	37 144	26 816	81 002	Utilization and disposal of other waste
Prevence vzniku odpadů	167 215	210 783	235 784	263 278	305 197	Prevention of waste formation
Monitoring nakládání s odpady	4 158	7 111	11 427	20 090	9 156	Monitoring of waste management
Ostatní nakládání s odpady JN	555 392	547 075	419 507	477 540	337 395	Other waste management n.e.c.
Nakládání s odpady celkem	5 792 203	6 539 201	7 105 630	7 705 664	8 037 373	Depositing of waste, total
Protierození ochrana	23 753	15 491	6 042	8 169	19 268	Measures against erosion
Ochrana půdy a podzemní vody proti znečištěním infiltrací	361	13	115	16	57	Protection of the soil and groundwater against pollution through infiltration
Dekontaminace půd a čištění podzemní vody	51 523	90 192	70 240	58 706	88 340	Decontamination of the soil and purification of ground water
Monitoring půdy a podzemních vod	4 813	4 612	6 436	6 091	4 579	Monitoring of the soil and ground water
Ostatní ochrana půdy a vody JN	12 376	16 783	22 999	12 669	7 736	Other protection of the soil and water n.e.c.
Ochrana půdy a podzemní vody celkem	92 826	127 091	105 832	85 651	119 981	Protection of the soil and groundwater, total

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Tab. D2.1.3, pokračování

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Popis činností	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Item
	tis. Kč běžné ceny			thous. CZK current prices		
Celospolečenské funkce lesů	145 536	107 203	120 820	126 559	182 310	Social function of forests
Revitalizace říčních systémů	52 826	76 979	96 358	97 006	68 521	Revitalization of river systems
Ochrana druhů a stanovišť	968 724	826 263	809 889	886 211	898 844	Protection of species and habitats
Chráněné části přírody	42 519	49 993	75 536	90 893	86 286	Protected parts of nature
Rekultivace půdy v důsledku těžeb a důlních činností apod.	187 335	157 023	59 055	68 810	48 008	Reclamation of soil following mining, etc.
Protierození, protilavinová, protipožární ochrana	175 383	680 577	961 896	597 409	218 762	Erosion, avalanche and fire prevention measures
Pče o vzhled obcí a veřejnou zelen	3 662 973	4 173 061	4 414 454	5 160 055	5 282 081	Care for the appearance of municipalities and public greenery
Ostatní činnosti k ochraně přírody a krajiny JN	143 201	87 829	88 557	148 734	88 183	Other activities in the protection of nature and the landscape n.e.c.
Ochrana biodiverzity a krajiny celkem	5 378 497	6 158 928	6 626 565	7 175 677	6 872 996	Protection of biodiversity and the landscape, total
Konstrukce a uplatnění protihlukových zařízení	134	490	10 372	1 529	5 212	The construction and implementation of noise prevention measures
Protiradonová opatření	0	0	0	0	2 991	Anti-radon measures
Monitoring úrovně fyzikálních faktorů	836	738	521	620	1 066	Measuring the level of physical factors
Ostatní činnosti k redukci fyzikálních vlivů	0	0	0	0	3 859	Other activities aimed at reducing physical effects
Redukce působení fyzikálních faktorů	970	1 228	10 893	2 149	13 128	Reduction of the action of physical factors
Ostatní orgány státní správy v ochraně žP	0	0	0	0	162	Other public administration environmental protection bodies
Ostatní správa v ekologii	0	0	10 460	9 361	34 263	Other environmental management
Správa v ochraně životního prostředí	0	0	10 460	9 361	34 425	Environmental protection management
Mezinárodní spolupráce v životním prostředí	0	0	0	0	394	International environmental cooperation
Ekologická výchova a osvěta	34 987	62 597	89 086	135 560	120 178	Environmental enlightenment and public awareness

Tab. D2.1.3, pokračování/continued

Popis činností tis. Kč běžné ceny	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Item
	thous. CZK current prices					
Ekologické programy v dopravě	0	0	0	0	5 042	Environmental programmes in transportation
Ekologické záležitosti a programy JN	20 530	21 277	20 139	26 595	27 850	Environmental activities and programmes n.e.c.
Ostatní činnosti v ekologii	55 517	83 874	109 225	162 155	153 464	Other work in the environment
Nejmenované par. odd. 37	37 004	52 887	31 113	41 177	.	Not included in par. 37
Celkem	21 161 343	23 206 713	24 935 887	27 449 366	26 331 605	Total

Pozn.: Jednotlivé složky územních rozpočtů obsahují duplicity s výdaji ze státního rozpočtu a státních ūčetových fondů.

Note: Items from territorial budgets contain duplications with expenditures from state budget and state funds.

Zdroj: MF

Source: MF CZ

DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATION OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC IN 2006

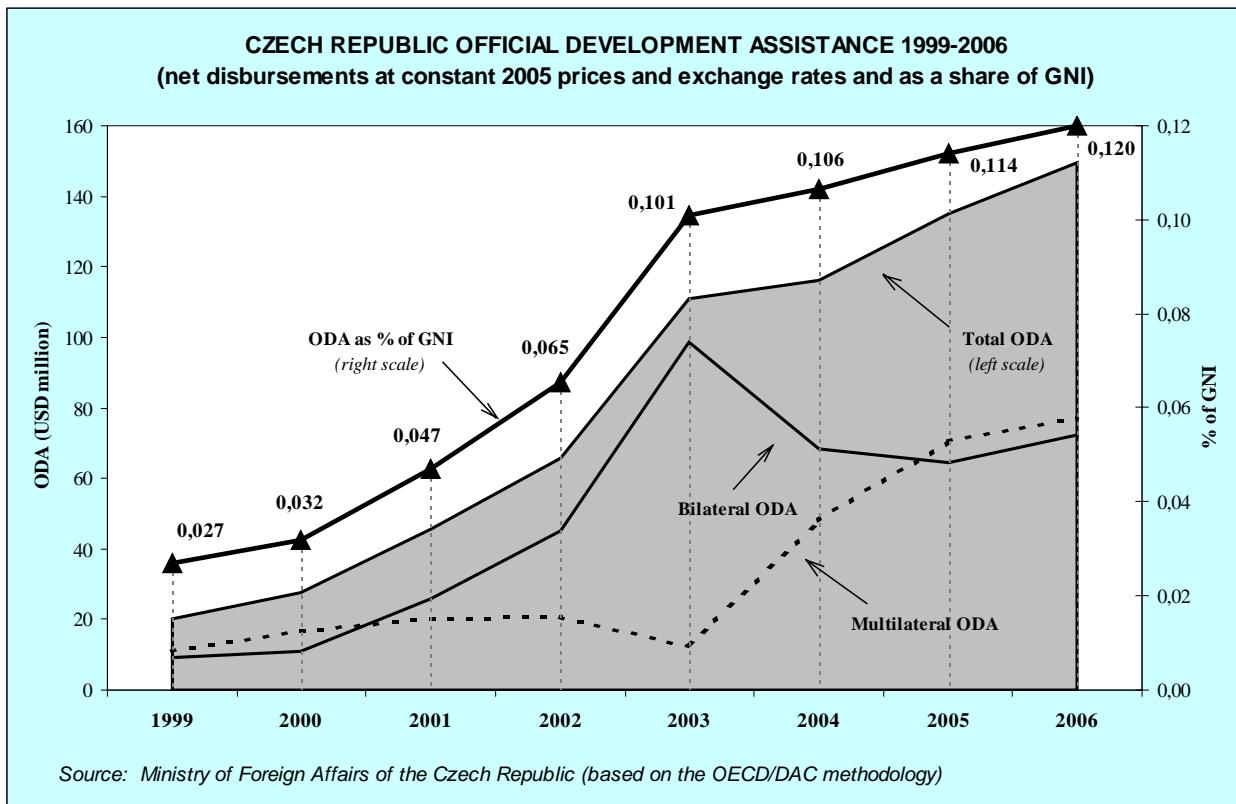
In 2006, Czech ODA increased by 10.5% in real terms and reached USD million 160.9 which represents 0.12% of gross national income. The increase was primarily due to the Czech contribution to the EU development budget, debt forgiveness, the reconstruction relief in Asia and the Middle East as well as due to the increase in the core budget for bilateral projects. All assistance was provided in the form of grants.



In 2006, the Czech ODA comprised technical assistance including scholarships (12% of the total), investment projects (5%), special reconstruction programmes (8%), humanitarian aid (6%), assistance to refugees in donor country (5%), debt relief (9%) and administrative costs, including public awareness (3%). This makes 48% in total for bilateral activities while multilateral assistance (including EU) amounted to 52% of the total ODA.

In geographical terms, the Czech ODA was focused on the Balkans (Serbia and Bosnia-Herzegovina), Middle East (Iraq), South and Central Asia (Afghanistan) and the Far East (Indonesia and Mongolia). This broadly corresponds to the fact that medium-term programmes with eight priority countries (Angola, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova, Mongolia, Serbia and Montenegro, Vietnam, Yemen and Zambia) were launched in 2006. In sectoral terms, the main thematic focus was on good governance and post-conflict situations, education, environmental protection and agriculture.

In the second half of 2006, the OECD Development Assistance Committee conducted a Special Review of Czech Republic's development cooperation programme. The Czech Republic was the first donor country outside the DAC to go through this kind of a review. The review process culminated in April 2007, when the Czech Ministry of Foreign Affairs hosted a round-table with the participation of OECD and other experts. The DAC review has proved to be an important input into the reform process of the Czech Republic's development cooperation.



CZECH REPUBLIC ODA AT A GLANCE (2005-2006 average)

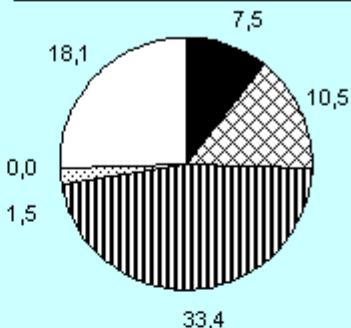
CZECH REPUBLIC

Gross Bilateral ODA, 2005-06 average, unless otherwise shown

Net ODA	2005	2006	Change 2005/06
Current (USD m)	135,1	160,9	19,0%
Constant (2004 USD m)	135,1	149,3	10,5%
In Czech koruna (million)	3236	3637	12,4%
ODA/GNI	0,114%	0,120%	
Bilateral share	47,7%	48,3%	

Top Ten Recipients of Gross ODA (USD million)	
1 Iraq	10,0
2 Serbia (& Montenegro)	6,4
3 Ukraine	3,7
4 Afghanistan	3,1
5 Mongolia	2,9
6 Pakistan	2,2
7 Indonesia	2,0
8 Bosnia-Herzegovina	1,7
9 Viet Nam	1,7
10 Belarus	1,5

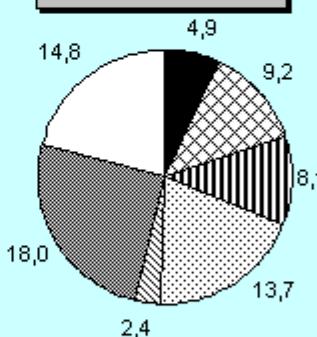
By Income Group (USD m)



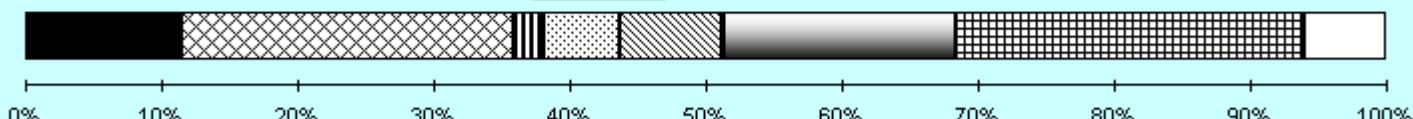
Clockwise from top

- LDCs
- ▨ Other Low-Income
- ▢ Lower Middle-Income
- ▢ Upper Middle-Income
- ▢ High-Income
- ▢ Unallocated

By Region (USD m)



By Sector



- Education, Health & Population
- ▢ Production
- ▢ Debt Relief
- ▢ Multisector
- ▢ Emergency Aid
- ▢ Other Social Infrastructure
- ▢ Programme Assistance
- ▢ Economic Infrastructure
- ▢ Unspecified

Source: Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Czech Republic (based on the OECD/DAC methodology)

	Official Development Assistance of the Czech Republic (Net Disbursements)									
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006	
	CZK	USD	CZK	USD	CZK	USD	CZK	USD	CZK	USD

ODA total	1485,9	45,39	2556,0	90,55	2780,1	108,17	3236,0	135,13	3636,9	160,86
bilateral ODA	1025,0	31,31	2268,3	80,36	1631,5	63,48	1541,9	64,39	1756,7	77,70
investment aid	280,2	8,56	214,2	7,59	352,1	13,70	164,0	6,85	175,9	7,78
special programmes (incl. peaceb.)	-	-	1252,7	44,38	377,0	14,67	227,7	9,51	282,8	12,51
technical cooperation (incl. schol.)	89,4	2,73	282,0	9,99	281,4	10,95	363,8	15,19	442,0	19,55
emergency and food aid	34,7	1,06	30,2	1,07	51,1	1,99	247,6	10,34	216,6	9,58
refugees in donor country	240,9	7,36	162,6	5,76	180,7	7,03	206,9	8,64	178,8	7,91
debt relief	380,1	11,61	247,8	8,78	275,8	10,73	229,9	9,60	333,0	14,73
administration costs and P.R.	-	-	78,8	2,79	113,3	4,41	102,0	4,26	127,5	5,64
multilateral ODA	460,9	14,08	287,6	10,19	1148,6	44,69	1694,0	70,74	1880,2	83,16
<i>memo: bilateral ODA %</i>		69,0%		88,7%		58,7%		47,7%		48,3%
ODA/GNI		0,065%		0,101%		0,106%		0,114%		0,120%
GNI	2275600	69514,0	2532400	89716	2611500	101611	2839100	118558	3027390	133902
GNI deflator (2005=100%)	94,4		96,2		99,8		100,0		101,7	
exchange rate CZK/USD		32,736		28,227		25,701		23,947		22,609
ODA constant prices 2005	1574,0	65,73	2656,9	110,95	2785,9	116,34	3236,0	135,13	3576,1	149,33

<i>bilateral aid by region:</i>										
Sub-Saharan Africa	38,0	1,16	61,5	2,18	97,1	3,78	95,5	3,99	129,78	5,74
South and Central Asia	154,2	4,71	232,6	8,24	259,1	10,08	237,8	9,93	192,40	8,51
Other Asia and Oceania	86,8	2,65	167,7	5,94	262,4	10,21	167,9	7,01	206,19	9,12
Middle East and North Africa	40,3	1,23	1174,2	41,60	398,6	15,51	229,7	9,59	403,34	17,84
Latin America and Caribbean	30,8	0,94	52,2	1,85	67,3	2,62	51,5	2,15	57,88	2,56
Europe	281,5	8,60	332,2	11,77	271,4	10,56	407,1	17,00	430,48	19,04
Unspecified (incl. debt relief)	393,5	12,02	247,8	8,78	275,5	10,72	352,5	14,72	336,65	14,89
suma	1025,0	31,31	2268,3	80,36	1631,5	63,48	1541,9	64,39	1756,72	77,70
<i>bilateral aid by income group:</i>										
LDCs	67,8	2,07	228,9	8,11	242,4	9,43	123,1	5,14	224,73	9,94
Other low-income	206,9	6,32	227,8	8,07	332,6	12,94	290,2	12,12	202,35	8,95
Lower middle-income	317,9	9,71	1536,7	54,44	744,0	28,95	734,0	30,65	817,54	36,16
Upper middle-income	28,8	0,88	12,7	0,45	14,1	0,55	22,7	0,95	44,09	1,95
High income	0,0	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00
Unallocated (incl. debt relief)	403,6	12,33	262,2	9,29	298,4	11,61	371,9	15,53	468,01	20,70
suma	1025,0	31,31	2268,3	80,36	1631,5	63,48	1541,9	64,39	1756,72	77,70
<i>bilateral aid by sector:</i>										
Education, health, population	102,8	3,14	827,9	29,33	233,6	9,09	169,5	7,08	210,26	9,30
Other social infrastructure	13,1	0,40	114,0	4,04	401,7	15,63	348,4	14,55	451,73	19,98
Economic infrastructure	5,2	0,16	146,5	5,19	114,6	4,46	32,1	1,34	40,02	1,77
Production	41,6	1,27	81,0	2,87	90,5	3,52	86,2	3,60	100,61	4,45
Multisector	206,9	6,32	579,5	20,53	170,1	6,62	133,6	5,58	115,53	5,11
Programme assistance	7,2	0,22	4,2	0,15	0,0	0,00	4,1	0,17	0,00	0,00
Debt relief	380,1	11,61	247,8	8,78	275,8	10,73	229,9	9,60	333,03	14,73
Emergency aid	268,1	8,19	188,6	6,68	231,8	9,02	450,4	18,81	395,43	17,49
Unspecified (incl. administrative costs)	0,0	0,00	78,8	2,79	113,3	4,41	87,6	3,66	110,11	4,87
suma	1025,0	31,31	2268,3	80,36	1631,5	63,48	1541,9	64,39	1756,72	77,70
<i>multilateral aid by channel:</i>										
United Nations	219,3	6,70	149,9	5,31	141,9	5,52	106,6	4,45	118,47	5,24
EC	0,0	0,00	0,0	0,00	862,8	33,57	1478,0	61,72	1554,14	68,74
World Bank Group	163,4	4,99	68,9	2,44	63,7	2,48	58,9	2,46	84,11	3,72
Regional Banks	0,0	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00
Other Agencies	78,2	2,39	68,9	2,44	80,2	3,12	50,5	2,11	123,45	5,46
suma	460,9	14,08	287,6	10,19	1148,6	44,69	1694,0	70,74	1880,16	83,16

Top 10 Recipients each year No.	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Recipient	USD	Recipient	USD	Recipient	USD	Recipient	USD	Recipient	USD
1	SERBIA & M.	3,42	IRAQ	39,96	IRAQ	13,66	IRAQ	8,13	IRAQ	11,80
2	UKRAINE	2,15	AFGHANISTAN	6,12	SERBIA & M.	6,88	SERBIA & M.	6,89	SERBIA	6,00
3	ROMANIA	1,78	SERBIA & M.	4,15	AFGHANISTAN	6,08	UKRAINE	4,62	AFGHANISTAN	4,20
4	BOSNIA-H.	1,50	BOSNIA-H.	3,93	UKRAINE	4,58	PAKISTAN	3,70	INDONESIA	3,28
5	INDIA	1,43	VIET NAM	2,04	RUSSIA	3,96	MONGOLIA	3,04	MONGOLIA	2,72
6	MOLDOVA	1,36	MONGOLIA	1,68	VIET NAM	3,05	AFGHANISTAN	1,96	UKRAINE	2,69
7	GEORGIA	0,99	RUSSIA	1,64	CHINA	2,94	VIET NAM	1,42	BOSNIA-H.	2,13
8	MACEDONIA	0,98	MOLDOVA	1,62	MONGOLIA	2,88	BOSNIA-H.	1,34	VIET NAM	1,91
9	VIET NAM	0,91	CHINA	1,31	GEORGIA	1,36	INDIA	1,31	BELARUS	1,71
10	MONGOLIA	0,78	UKRAINE	1,07	KYRGYZ R.	1,14	CHINA	1,30	EGYPT	1,35

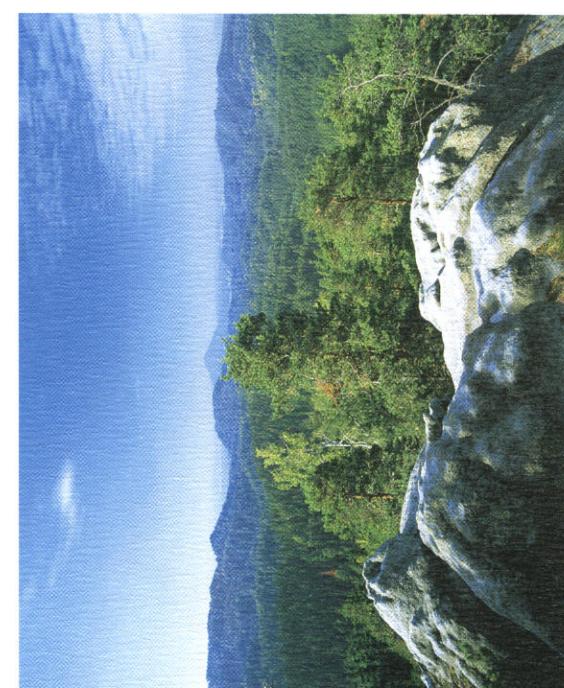
ČESKÉ ŠVÝCARSKO (BOHEMIAN SWITZERLAND)

Area: 79,3 km²

Altitude: 120 m (border crossing in Hřensko) – 619 m (the mountain Růžovský vrch)

The unique geomorphology of sandstone rocks, the broken topography, and the rich biodiversity are the main objects of protection in the national park. The few herb-rich beech forests with abundant number of plant species on basalt formations are in sharp contrast to extensive pine and spruce forests growing on sandstone. Rare flora is represented, for instance, by interrupted clubmoss or Labrador-tea, rare fauna is represented by lynx, eagle owl, or peregrine falcon. The most famous formation national park is the great rock arch of the Pravčická brána that is unique in Europe. Within as well as around the national park are also valuable buildings of folk architecture.

Bohemian Switzerland National Park Administration:
Práčka 52, 407 46 Krásná Lípa
Phone/Fax: +420-413-383212
n.park@npcs.cz, www.npcs.cz



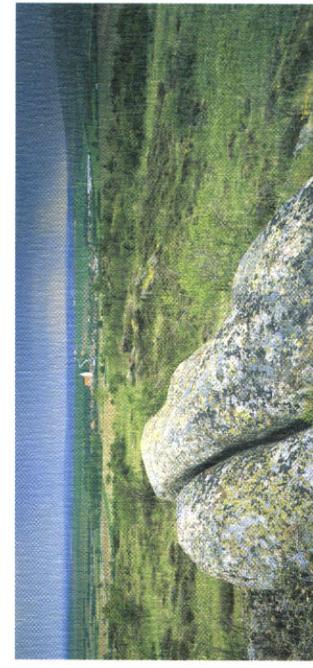
PODYJÍ (DYJE RIVER VALLEY)

Area: 63 km² (national park) and 29 km² (protection zone)

Altitude: 226 m (the Dyje River at the Znojmo Dam) – 536 m (Bull's Mountain)

This is a showcase of uniquely preserved river valley in the landscape covered with rich forests along the borderline with Austria. The Dyje River Valley National Park features extraordinary sceneries composed of a wide palette of rock slopes and steep walls, meanders, vast scree fields and gorges that are hard to go through yet also alluvial plain meadows along the Dyje River stream and sunny forest-steppes with varied carpets of thermophilous flora. The territory is characteristic for its prodigious biodiversity in flora and fauna and also high concentration of species populations on a relatively small area. The significant species richness of flora and fauna occurs there due to the protected area location at the frontier of two biogeographic systems.

Administration of the Podyjí National Park residence:
Na Výhledce 5, 669 01 Znojmo
Phone: +420-624-226722; Fax: +420-624-221115
info@nppodyji.cz, www.nppodyji.cz



NATIONAL PARKS OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC



SUMAVA (ŠUMAVA MOUNTAINS)

Area: 690,3 km² (national park) and 979,7 km² (protected landscape area)

Altitude: 600 m (the Ohava River valley near Rejštejn) - 1378 m (Plešivec Mountain)

Since the ancient times the forested mountain range along the borderline to Bavaria has been known for its vast area, mysterious character, and beauty. The forest inspired numerous poets, writers, or composers. Its central part has almost 85 % of area forested and at higher altitude locations there are even remnants of primeval forests. The whole range is scattered with abundant wetlands and raised bogs and the still beauty of glacial lakes is famous. The territory makes home to a number of protected species of fauna and flora, many of them are relicts of the Ice Age. The diffuse imprints of historical settlements and a series of technology monuments complement the uniqueness of this Green Roof of Europe. The Sumava Protected Landscape Area surrounds the National Park territory.



Administration of the Šumava National Park and the Protected Landscape Area residence:

I. máje 260, 385 01 Vimpulk
Phone: +420-339-450111; Fax: +420-339-413019
vimpulk@npsumava.cz, www.npsumava.cz

For Ministry of the Environment of the Czech Republic published
ASCO vydavatelství 2000
photo K. Hník, V. Hošek, B. Prokipel, V. Sojka



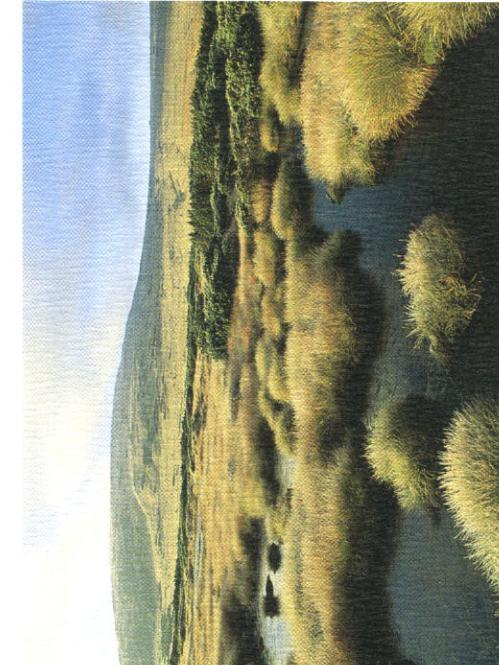
KRKONOŠE (GIANT MOUNTAINS)

Area: 363 km² (national park) and 184 km² (protective zone)

Altitude: 383 m (Horní Syrová) – 1602 m (Snežka Mountain)

The Giant Mountains are a historical region important due to its nature and culture in the North of Bohemia. Their attractiveness consists in unusually diverse landscape and abundance of species of flora and fauna, which occur there. There can be found deciduous spruce forests, dwarf-pine growths and herb-rich alpine meadows, glacial cirques with famous botanical gardens as well as vast lichen tundra atop the highest ridges there. The Giant Mountains climate is cold and very wet with dominating western air-flow from the Atlantic Ocean. There are springs of four main watercourses there – the Labe River, the Úpa River, the Jizera River, and the Mumava River.

Administration of the Krkonoše National Park residence:
Dobroslavského 3, 543 11 Vrchlabí
Phone: +420-438-456111; Fax: +420-438-422095
posta@krnap.cz, www.krnnap.cz





ORLICKÉ HORY

Area 204 km²
Altitude 406 to 1115 m (Veleká Deštná)

Picturesque mountain range with deep, sheer stream and river valleys. Mostly artificially planted spruce forests are to a large extent damaged by immissions. In places, islands of natural forest with beech prevailingly have survived.

Administration of PLA Orlické hory, Panská 79,
516 01 Rychnov nad Kněžnou

Tel.: +420-445-22337, fax 23414,
e-mail: chko.oh@worldlive.cz

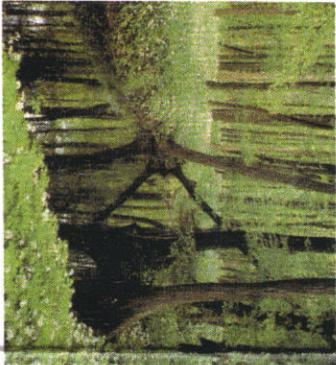
POODŘÍ

Area 82 km²

Altitude 214 (Odra River) to 298 m

Area of the naturally meandering river Odra with a number of tributaries, oxbows, periodical pools and lakes. Wetlands with plant and animal species characteristic of this environment.

Administration of PLA Poodří, Trocnovská 2, 702 00 Ostrava
Tel./fax: +420-69-6133 3337, e-mail: poodri@schkoer.cz



SLAVKOVSKÝ LES

Area 610 km²
Altitude 374 (Ohře River) to 983 m (Lesní Hill)

Woody area acting as the preserver of medicinal springs for western Bohemian spas. Only remains of natural beech and fir-beech forests have survived here; the rest has been replaced by spruce. An important part of the area is formed by extensive peat-bogs.

Administration of PLA Slavkovský les,
Anglická 119-15, 553 01 Mariánské Lázně, Tel.: +420-165-624 081, fax: 620 081

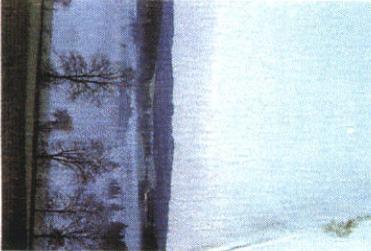


ŽDÁRSKÉ Vrchy

Area 709 km²
Altitude 490 to 836 m (Devět skal Hill)

Harmonic landscape of forests, meadows, pastures and lakes. Characteristic are isolated gneiss rocks. The area is cut through by the main European watershed boundary between the North Sea and the Black Sea. Today almost half of the area is covered by spruce forests.

Administration of PLA Ždárske vrchy
Hutárovna 1, 591 01 Září nad Sázavou
Tel./fax: +420-616-228 86,
e-mail: zdarvrch@schkoer.cz



PÁLAVA

Area 83 km²

Altitude 163 (Dyje River) to 554 m (Děvín Hill)
Giant calcareous cliff with very rich steppe and forest flora and fauna. In the valley of the Dyje River, floodplain forests with unique wetlands have been preserved. The area around Mikulov is noticeably influenced by viticulture. As an example of the harmonic utilisation of nature by man, the area has been included in the network of UNESCO biosphere reserves within the MAB programme.

Administration of PLA Pálava
Náměstí 32, 692 01 Mikulov
Tel./fax: +420-625-511 130
e-mail: chko@palava.cz

P R O T E C T E D L A N D S C A P E A R E A S



TŘEBOŇSKO

Area 700 km²
Altitude 410 (veselí n. L.) to 550 m (Homolka)

Wetland basin sensitively transformed into a fishpond area with preserved peat-bogs. Important nesting site for bird populations on the European scale. The area is part of the network of UNESCO biosphere reserves and the network of internationally protected wetlands.

Administration of PLA Třeboňsko, Valy 121, 379 01 Třeboň
Tel./fax: +420-333-721 400, e-mail: chko@trebon.cz



ŽELEZNÉ HORY

Area 284 km²

Altitude 268 to 668 m (Westerc)

The mountain range and the eastern part of this area are wooded, the rest is a patchwork of meadows and fields with many solitary trees and shrubs. As for geological structure the area belongs to the most diverse in the Czech Republic.

Administration of PLA Železné hory, Slátiňanská 66,
538 25 Nasavrky, Tel.: +420-455-677 729

O F T H E C Z E C H R E P U B L I C

PROJECTED LANDSCAPE AREAS

OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC

BESKYDY

Area 1160 km²

Altitude 350 (Zábrí) to 1328 m (Lysá hora)

Predominantly wooded massif at the western end of the Carpathian range with remains of pristine mixed forest islands. It is the only place in the Czech Republic where big beasts of prey like bear, wolf and lynx regularly occur, coming in from neighbouring Slovakia. Beskydy is the largest Protected Landscape Area of the Czech Republic.

*Administration of PLA Beskydy
Nádražní 36, 756 61 Rožnov pod Radhoštěm
Tel.: +420-651-654-293, fax 57407
e-mail: beskydy@seznam.cz*



BLANSKÝ LES

Area 212 km²

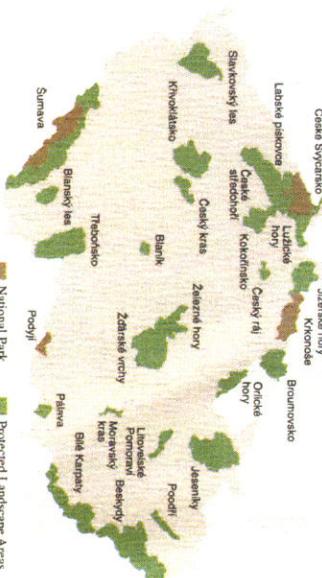


A large part of this area is covered with beech forests. Its diversity is supplemented by small islands of relict pine woods on serpentine soils and thermophilous communities on crystalline limestone. Still numerous historical buildings and folk architecture can be found in the area.

Among the most important buildings are the monastery complex of Zlatá Koruna, the ruins of the Rosenbergs' Divčí kámen Castle and the Celtic oppidum nearby Tršov.

*Administration of PLA Blanský les
Výšný 50, 381 01 Český Krumlov
Tel., fax: +420-337-716 618
e-mail: schkobl@ek.ipex.cz*

PROTECTED LANDSCAPE AREAS IN THE CZECH REPUBLIC



BÍLÉ KARPATY

Area 715 km²

Altitude 185 (Sudoměřice) to 970 m (Velká Javorovina)

The most beautiful and characteristic element of Bílé Karpaty are flower meadows with orchids, solitary oaks and shrubs. They belong to the most species-rich of central Europe. The picturesque landscape of Kopanice with sparse settlements in a patchwork of fields, meadows, orchards and woods is unique. The north-eastern part (southern Valašsko) differs in its extensive beech forests. Since 1996 Bílé Karpaty is a biosphere reserve.

*Administration of PLA Bílé Karpaty
Nádražní 318
763 26 Luhacovice
Tel., fax: +420-67-933710
e-mail: spravacko@bilekarpaty.cz*



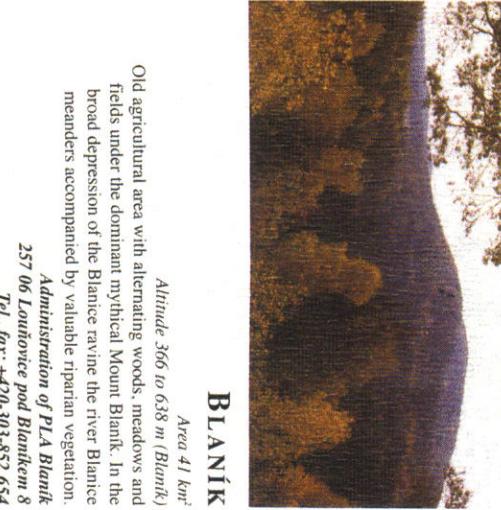
BROUMOVSKO

Area 410 km²

Altitude 350 to 880 m (Rupečník, Špičák)

One of the main phenomena of this area is the cretaceous sandstone relief with vast rock towns (Adršpácko-teplické skály, Broumovské stěny). In deep cold gorges are spruce stands with alpine vegetation. On rock plateaus remains of relict pine woods can be found.

*Administration of PLA Broumovsko, Lethňájska 59, 549 54 Police nad Metují,
Tel., fax: +420-447-54 10 84, e-mail: chkobr@bro.cz.cz*



ČESKÝ KRAS

Area 128 km²

Altitude 199 to 499 m (Bacín)

Calcareous area with numerous karst phenomena, unique from the viewpoint of world stratigraphy and the paleontology of the older Palaeozoic. Communities of rock steppes, forest steppes and broadleaved forests with a very rich flora and fauna have been preserved here. For certain species of insects and molluscs this is the only location in the Czech Republic where they occur.



an undulate plateau with volcanic knags, cones and domes. The area stands out for its rich flora and fauna.

fCo-administration of PLA České středohoří
Atčalská 260/1-4, 412 01 Litoměřice
Mbl.: +420-416-732 387, fax: 732 395, e-mail: schkoces@iol.cz

Ts
Tel:

+420-420-45-402 228
e-mail: jeseniky@schkorc.cz



ČESKÝ RÁJ

Area 92 km²

Altitude 234 (Žabokor) to 488 m (Trosky)

Large mountain range in northern Moravia. The

highest elevations are covered with Maigrass clearings. The lower parts are afforested mostly with spruce. Sporadically, near-pristine forest stands can be found. Velká kotlina in the National Nature Reserve Prádlo has a specific climate and is unique on the European scale. Also mountain peat-bogs are of interest.

Administration of PLA Jeseník

U Jeseníka 93, Bukovice 791 01

Tel.: +420-495-402 228

e-mail: jeseniky@schkorc.cz



JIZERSKÉ HORY
Area 366 km²
Altitude 320 to 1124 m (Smrk)
Mountain area where besides large areas of spruce forest seriously damaged by acid rain (today being renovated) valuable mountain peat-bog areas are found. On northern slopes a vast complex of beech forests has been preserved.

Administration of PLA Jizerské hory

U Ježu 10, 460 01 Liberec

Tel.: +420-48-5104771

e-mail: schkjh@nobox.vol.cz



LABSKÉ PÍSKOVCE

Area 334 km²

Altitude 1118 (Hřensko)

to 726 m (Smežník)

This strongly varied area represents, together with neighbouring Sächsische Schweiz National Park, the most extensive sandstone area in Europe. Deep, enclosed valleys with temperature inversion enable the existence of cool-loving plant and animal species, even at these low altitudes.

Administration of PLA Labské pískovce

Dlouhá jízda 1257, 405 01 Děčín

Tel., fax: +420-412-51 82 02

e-mail: schkolp@space.cz

KOKORÍNSKO
Area 272 km²
Altitude 175 to 614 m (Vlhošť)

Mesozoic ashlar sandstone enabled the formation

of rock-cliffs steeply into valleys. The so-called lids

describing

The nature and landscape value of the area

most sur

is augmented by large wetlands of international

importance, the Kokorín Castle and folk architecture.

Admin

istration of PLA Kokorínsko, Česká 149, 276 01

Mělník, Tel., fax: +420-206-622 149

e-mail: chkokorin@melnik.cesnet.cz



KRIVOKLÁTSKO
Area 628 km²
Altitude 223 to 613 m (Třeboňsko)

Area with sparsely populated hills in central Bohemia covered mostly with broad-leaved forests. The geological diversity and the varied landscape are reflected in the extraordinary richness in plant and animal species. The harmonic co-existence of man and nature has been recognised by including Křivoklátsko in the network of UNESCO biosphere reserves.

Administration of PLA Křivoklátsko

270 24 Zbečno č. 5

Tel.: +420-513-554 834, fax 554 810

e-mail: cko-kri@orjnet.cz

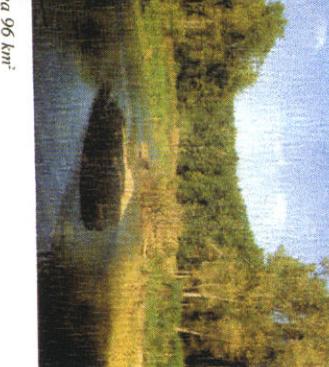
MORAVSKÝ KRAS
Area 94 km²
Altitude 269 to 613 m (Hřebenovská skála)

The most beautiful karst area of the Czech Republic with vast cave systems as well as surface karst formations. Part of the underground is accessible to the public. In the caves marks of long-extinct life and the development of human society have been preserved.

Administration of PLA Moravský kras

Sadová 23, 677 01 Blansko,

Tel., fax: +420-506-418 158, e-mail: schkomk@iol.cz



LITOVELSKÉ POMORAVÍ

Area 96 km²

Altitude 210 to 345 m (Doubrovávka)

Relatively narrow, almost 30 km long floodplain of the river Morava meandering naturally with numerous periodical and permanent branches alongside, as well as island of international importance.

Administration of PLA Litovelské Pomoraví, Lazecák 6, 772 00 Olomouc

Adr.: +420-68-522 13 54, fax 522 63 44, e-mail: chkolpo@login.onyx.cz

Tel:



LUŽICKÉ HORY

Area 268 km²

Altitude 313 to 793 m (Luž)

Woody area with an interesting geological structure. In a tableau of

predominantly sandstone, domes and ridges of erupted minerals are breaking through in many places. Especially in the western part of the area traditional country buildings to houses with basements to can still be found.

Administration of PLA Lužické hory

Skohni 12, 471 25 Jablonné v Podještědi

Tel.: +420-424-762 355, e-mail: schkoh@iol.cz



MORAVSKÝ KRAS

Area 94 km²

Altitude 269 to 613 m (Hřebenovská skála)

Altimately narrow, almost 30 km long floodplain of the river Morava meandering naturally with numerous periodical and permanent branches alongside, as well as island of international importance.

Administration of PLA Litovelské Pomoraví, Lazecák 6, 772 00 Olomouc

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