



# Statistics on biodiversity-related aid

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## Source of statistics

- Data shown are derived from the OECD Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database where members of the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) and multilateral donors report their aid activities.



## Definition

- **Biodiversity-related aid** is defined as activities that promote at least one of the three objectives of the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (UNCBD) : the conservation of biodiversity, sustainable use of its components (ecosystems, species or genetic resources), or fair and equitable sharing of the benefits of the utilisation of genetic resources.



## Methodology - coverage

- Figures shown relate to DAC members' **BILATERAL** aid, and do not include multilateral contributions to GEF, UNEP and other organisations active in the field of biodiversity.



## Methology - marker system

- Figures are based on indications of the **policy objectives** of bilateral aid activities, though the biodiversity objective will often be less than the total value of such activities. Policy objectives are reported by donors through “markers” which do not allow exact quantification of aid activities’ contribution to the objectives. Thus, the figures are approximate (best estimates).

## Examples of biodiversity-related aid activities reported to the CRS, in 2004-2005

Donor	Recipient	Project title	Amount USD '000	Sector
Austria	South Asia regional/multi- country	Indigenous bee species, applied research project	89.5	Agricultural research
Denmark	Viet Nam	Develop the re/afforestation in order to increase the forest cover up to 43% by 2010 via the national 5 million hectare reforestation programme	1169	Forestry



## Warning on coverage

- Not all DAC members report the biodiversity marker to the CRS:
- Statistics shown here are only partial;
- Improvement in reporting is required for continuation of this monitoring.

# Biodiversity-related bilateral aid by DAC member Commitments 2002-2005, two-year averages

	USD million (2005 prices)		% of total bilateral aid	
	2002/2003	2004/2005	2002/2003	2004/2005
Australia	4.8	6.3	0.4%	0.5%
Austria	6.3	10.8	1.3%	1.3%
Belgium	5.1	21.2	0.3%	1.5%
Canada	79.8	104.3	2.4%	3.9%
Denmark	84.2	150.9	8.4%	8.7%
Finland	8.1	9.3	2.0%	1.7%
France	80.5	85.6	1.1%	1.1%
Germany	190.0	245.1	3.0%	4.3%
Greece	4.6	3.9	2.2%	2.1%
Ireland	1.3	0.8	0.3%	0.2%
Italy	..	..	..	..
Japan	939.5	..	7.5%	..
Luxembourg	..	..	..	..
Netherlands	269.4	305.2	6.0%	9.6%
New Zealand	4.2	6.3	3.1%	2.6%
Norway	62.4	..	3.7%	..
Portugal	1.1	0.9	0.4%	0.1%
Spain	37.0	64.6	2.1%	3.1%
Sweden	38.3	6.4	2.1%	0.3%
Switzerland	42.8	36.1	4.3%	2.7%
United Kingdom	..	..	..	..
United States	124.7	162.6	0.7%	0.7%
EC	45.4	232.5	0.5%	2.3%
<b>Total (partial)</b>	<b>2029.4</b>	<b>1453.0</b>	<b>2.8%</b>	<b>2.8%</b>



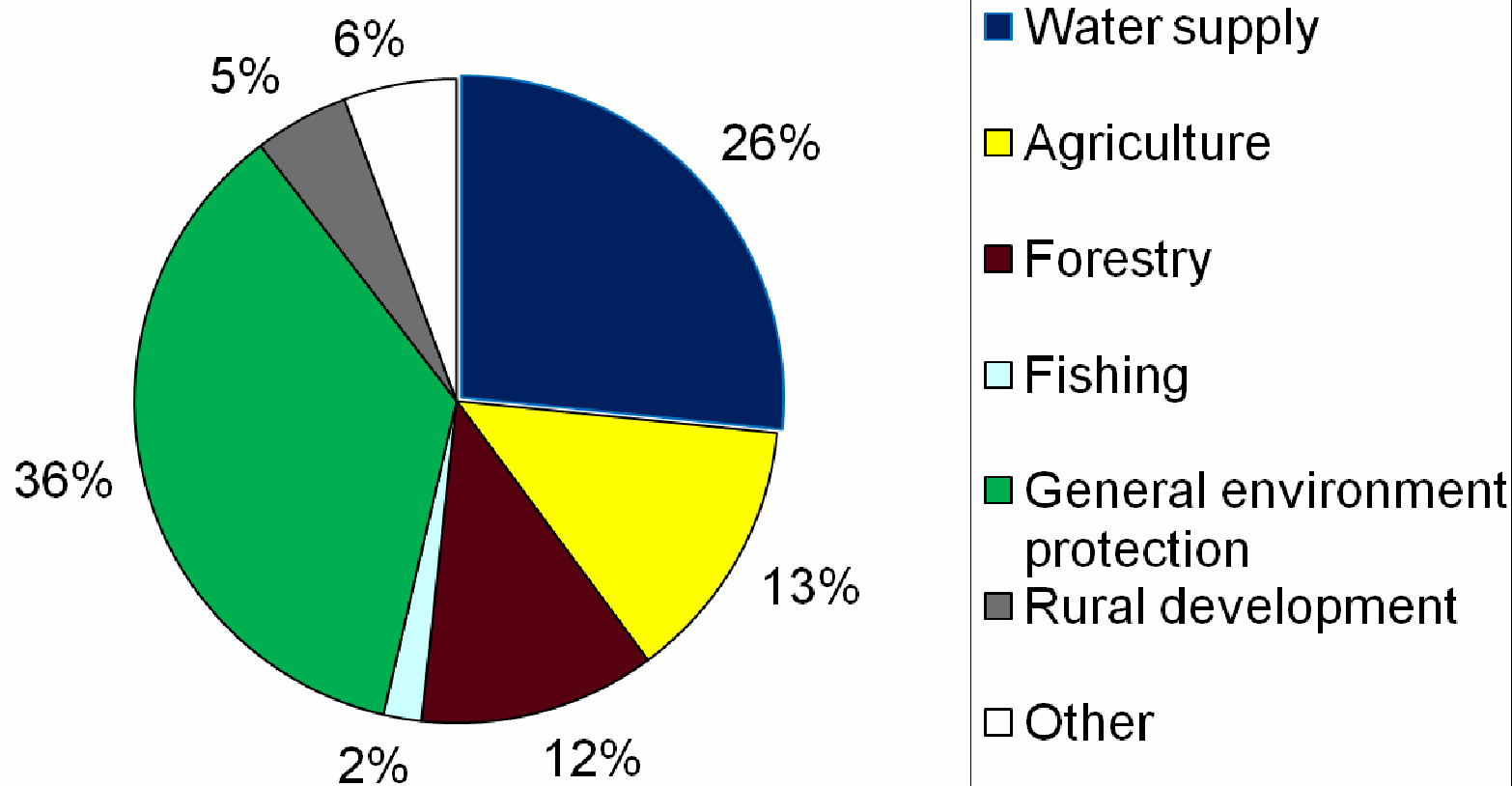
## Top ten recipients of biodiversity-related aid

*Commitments 2002-2005, annual averages, USD million  
(2005 prices)*

China	346
India	119
Viet Nam	88
Kazakistan	61
Ghana	54
Brazil	46
Indonesia	38
Bangladesh	33
Senegal	28
Bolivia	27

# Biodiversity-related aid by sector

## Commitments 2002-2005





**For more information**

Data are available online at

**[www.oecd.org/dac/stats/crs](http://www.oecd.org/dac/stats/crs)**