

Les activites du PNUD dans le domaine de la biodiversite

NBSAP Workshop for Central Africa 22 – 25 September 2008, Limbe, Cameroon



The Energy & Environment Group

 Goal: to strengthen national capacity to manage the environment in a sustainable manner while ensuring adequate protection of the poor;

How?

- mainstream environmental and energy issues into development planning,
- mobilize finance for improved environmental management,
- address increasing threats from climate change,
- and build local capacity to better manage the environment and deliver services, especially water and energy.



UNDP's position on Biodiversity, Poverty Reduction and Sustainable Development

- Mainstreaming Biodiversity;
- Protected Areas;
- Communities and Biodiversity;
- Climate Change and Biodiversity.



Mainstreaming biodiversity at UNDP

- Mainstreaming of biodiversity into development policies,
- Mainstreaming of biodiversity management into the activities of production sectors (biodiversity offsetting),
- Sensitize financial managers to the investment opportunities offered by biodiversity-friendly businesses,
- Empower communities by building their capacity, often through cooperatives, so that they can apply to credit institutions for funding or establish their own micro-credit facilities.



Mainstreaming biodiversity at UNDP

Poverty and Environment Facility

- A central initiative to support environmental mainstreaming,
- A Nairobi-based unit that will build on UNDP and UNEP collaboration on the Poverty and Environment Initiative,
- The facility will provide technical products and services to regional offices to mainstream environment into national development planning, and will extend services in areas such as biodiversity and ecosystem services for development.

Biodiversity at EEG

Biodiversity Global Programme

GEF Projects and Programmes;

Equator Initiative

GEF Small Grant Programme

UN-REDD



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UNDP/GEF implemented NBSAP process in Central Africa:

- •Gabon
- •RCA
- Equatorial Guinea
- Congo
- Burundi
- Chad



4 Strategic objectives:

- To catalyze sustainability of protected area (PA) systems
- To mainstream biodiversity in production landscapes/seascapes and sectors
- To safeguard biodiversity
- To build capacity on access and benefit sharing



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SO-2 "Mainstreaming...": two strategic programs

- SP4: Renforcement des politiques publiques et du cadre réglementaire pour internaliser ("mainstreaming") la biodiversité
 - favorise l'élaboration d'un dispositif qui encourage et récompense l'internalisation de la biodiversité, et met en place les capacités institutionnelles nécessaires
- SP5: Promotion des marchés des biens et services fournis par la biodiversité
 - vise à stimuler l'émergence de ces marchés (ex. PES) et à promouvoir l'adoption de normes de certification environnementale librement acceptées pour que la biodiversité soit source de revenus générés par des mécanismes de marché.



Current UNDP/GEF BD portfolio in Central Africa: essentially PA projects

- Congo (DR) Protected Areas
- Conservation and Sustainable use of biodiversity in the Moyen Chari (Chad)
- Chad BSAP Add-on
- •Minkebe Odzala Dja (TRIDOM): Gabon, Congo, Cameroon



Current UNDP/GEF BD pipeline in Central Africa: essentially under the *Strategic Program for Sustainable Forest Management in the Congo Basin (CBSP)*

- Congo Basin Sustainable Financing of PAs (Regional)
- Sustainable management of Lake Tele/Lake Tumba landscape (Congo, DRC)
- Strengthening Equatorial Guinea PAs system
- Strengthening CAR PAs system
- Operationalising Chad PAs network and developing ecotourism
- Development of a Payments for Ecosystem Services (PES) Mechanism in Mbe forested Watershed
- Capacity building for sustainable management of protected areas in Burundi??



UN-REDD Initiative

A Collaborative Program on REDD in developing countries

- Grew out notably through requests from rainforest countries to address issues related on forest and climate change on a coordinated and articulated manner, particularly amongst donors;
- Aims at generating the requisite transfer flow of resources to significantly reduce global emissions from deforestation and forest degradation;

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 The critical factor is to ensure that all the initiatives can contribute to the final UNFCCC negotiations on post-2012 framework.



UNDP role

Limited resources from UNDP and GEF

UNDP is acting as the UN coordinator

Key roles:

- -Coordinate UN efforts
- –Leverage funds from other donors
- -Build countries capacity of negotiation to the Conventions



Thank you for your attention!!