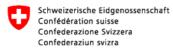


Yolanda Saito Senior Program Coordinator International Development Law Organization



Swiss Confederation

Federal Office for the Environment FOEN







International Development Law Organization



Creating a culture of justice

SDG 16 on peace, justice and strong institutions





1

scale-up this
progress with clear,
enabling legal frameworks
backed by accountable
institutions and
empowered people

2



ensure that
outcomes are just and
equitable, so that we fulfil the
2030 Agenda's commitment
to "leave no one behind",
when it comes to the right to
enjoy and benefit from
biodiversity and
ecosystems



The 2030 Agenda envisages a nuanced approach to the rule of law, which need not be prescriptive. Rather, countries can tailor-make legal frameworks to suit their national contexts. The rule of law requires more than simply drafting good laws. Three actions are needed to make legal frameworks work:



STRENGTHENING LAWS

to limit overexploitation of resources and encourage people to make sustainable choices

BUILDING INSTITUTIONS

capable of guiding, regulating, administering and enforcing laws

EMPOWERING PEOPLE

through a balanced set of rights and responsibilities to become active agents for sustainability

WE NEED TO RETHINK THE WAY WE LOOK AT LAW AND LAW MAKING ON BIODIVERSITY. WE NEED:

A new generation of laws: These laws must harness the full power of the justice system to regulate and empower people, and bring together a mix of legal tools and approaches to engage people across sectors and society.

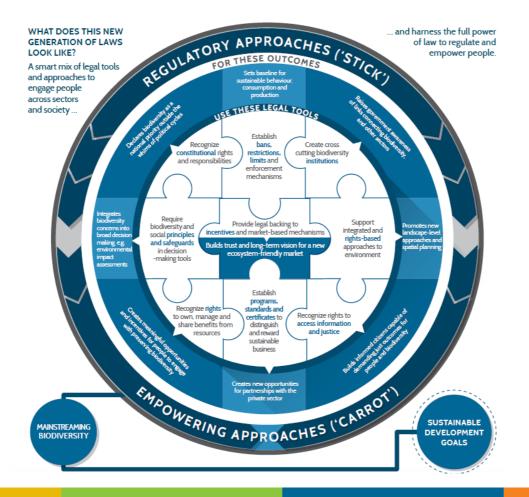




A commitment to 'legal preparedness':

Ensuring laws work requires care in identifying a realistic legal approach, and ensuring the political will and capacity exist to implement and adapt laws as experience grows.









"Legal Preparedness" Materials & Resources



Awareness-raising materials













http://www.idlo.int/what-we-do/initiatives/biodiversity-mainstreaming





Objective: To provide a concrete tool for Parties and civil society to assess how existing domestic legal and policy frameworks are advancing or blocking efforts to mainstream biodiversity.









Mainstreaming into sectors agriculture, forestry, fisheries, tourism, mining



Integrating into cross-sectors human rights, climate change, DRR, innovative biodiversity financing







Does your national legal/policy framework include:

Guiding principles

Integrated approaches

Institutions

Biodiversity-related incentives

Biodiversity financing and safeguards

Recognition of indigenous peoples' and local communities rights

Traditional knowledge

Participatory community decisionmaking process

Fair and equitable benefit-sharing

Gender equality

Private-sector decision making

Biodiversity-related certification mechanisms



Legal Assessment Tool for Biodiversity Mainstreaming - Agriculture





Guiding principles

- Does your national agricultural policy establish milestones for the mainstreaming of biodiversity?
- Does your national agricultural policy and law recognize importance of biodiversity to food security and nutrition and its role in human health and well-being?
- Does your national policy and law support sustainable agricultural production through enhanced use of crops and livestock, and associated biodiversity including pollinators, pestcontrol organisms and soil organisms?
- Does your national policy and law support development, transfer and use of technological innovation in agriculture?
- Does your national policy and law include reducing loss and waste at all stages of production and consumption in the food system, including post-harvest losses?
- Does your policy and law include maintaining genetic diversity of resources for food and agriculture and their landraces and wild relatives?
- Does your national policy and law include conservation and sustainable use of pollinators?





Launched in November 2016



Formation of Expert Advisory Group + Partners



Release of discussion papers

- 1. LAT methodology
- 2. Multi-sectoral LAT
- 3. Agriculture LAT
- 4. Human Rights LAT



Pilot testing and development in Kenya in 2017

Other countries? Sectors? Ideas?

http://www.idlo.int/what-we-do/initiatives/biodiversity-mainstreaming