Lessons Learned in the Process of Developing Biodiversity Mainstreaming

Strategies for Well-Being

UNDB Day

"Mainstreaming Biodiversity – Be the change in all parts of the world"

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Mainstreaming Biodiversity for well-being

"Integration of conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity for well-being in sectoral and intersectoral plans, programs and policies"

With emphasis on sectors:









Agriculture

Forestry

Fisheries

Tourism









PARTNERS







Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH

Por encargo de:

Ministerio Federal de Medio Ambienta, Protección de la Naturaleza, Obras Públicas y Seguridad Nuclear

de la República Federal de Alemania



y las naciones

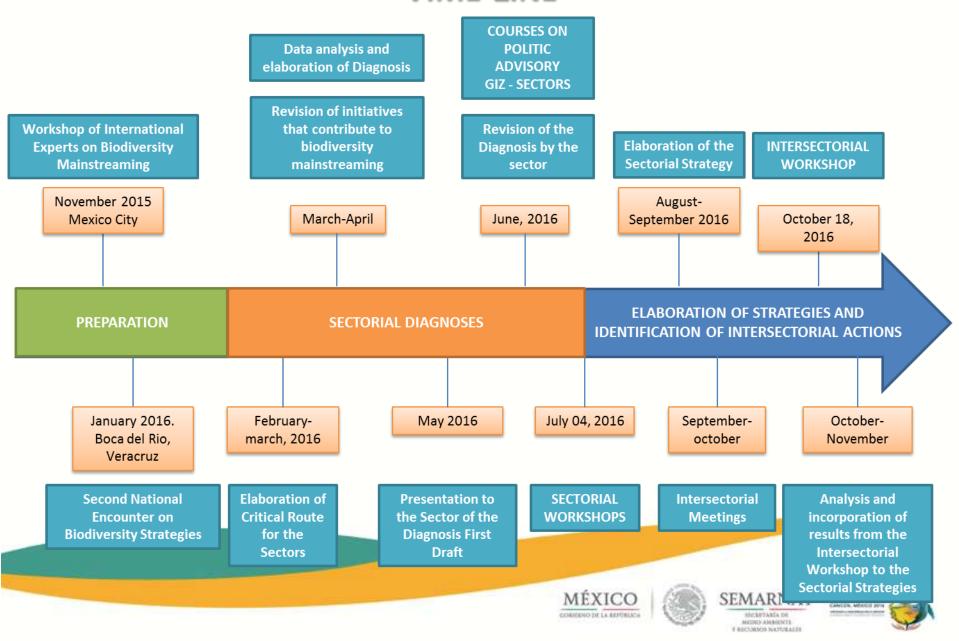








TIME LINE



BIODIVERSITY MAINSTREAMING IN MEXICO

- Recently, biodiversity mainstreaming in the Mexican primary sectors (agriculture, forestry, fisheries) has moved forward through the inclusion of goals and course of actions linked to biodiversity conservation and sustainable use within plans, sectoral programs and legal framework.
- The Tourism industry in Mexico has some of the most significant advances in the field of biodiversity mainstreaming, not only in their products and services, but also in the elaboration of studies, guidelines and handbooks.













BIODIVERSITY MAINSTREAMING IN MEXICO

 However, there are still great challenges and opportunity areas to strengthen current Federal programs in order to guarantee productive activity success and long-term biodiversity conservation.











DIAGNOSES PHASE

- CONABIO, GIZ and the Biodiversity Finance Initiative (BIOFIN-Mexico) developed jointly with the agricultural, forestry, fisheries and tourism sectors initial diagnoses with the following objectives:
 - Carry out a first review of the situation that keeps the biodiversity mainstreaming in each sector
 - Identify opportunities and establish action strategies that promote conservation, use and restoration of biodiversity.











Workshop on Policy Advisory and Biodiversity Mainstreaming - GIZ

Objectives:

- To know the international commitments of the relevant sectors for biodiversity mainstreaming, and analyzing the options for the integration in their sectoral processes.
- To analyze the application of common approaches for political advisory about biodiversity and to provide elements for the first steps in mainstreaming.









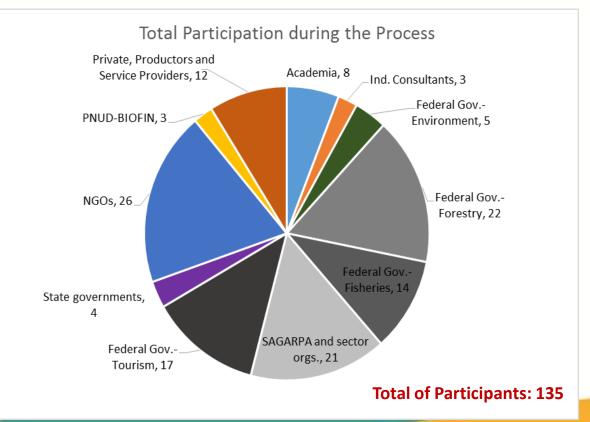




SECTORAL WORKSHOPS

 Four workshops: Tourism, Fisheries, Agriculture, Forestry July 2016

ME





INTERSECTORAL WORKSHOP FOR THE INTEGRATION OF CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE USE OF BIODIVERSITY

- The workshop, carried out in October 18, had the objectives of:
 - Present the Strategies for Biodiversity Mainstreaming.
 - Identify the mechanisms and opportunities for intersectoral coordination for the follow-up of actions proposed in the strategies.
 - Identify the collaboration areas between different stakeholders (academia, NGOs, producers, service providers, etc.).
- It had the participation of over 150
 representatives of government institutions,
 non-government organizations, academia,
 producers and international cooperation
 agencies.













STRATEGIES FOR BIODIVERSITY MAINSTREAMING



LESSONS LEARNED

- The diagnosis and identification of opportunities represented a key step in the construction of sectoral strategies.
- Share information and different points of view to promote dialogue and will towards sustainable use.
- Sectors have awareness about their impacts on biodiversity, which is an opportunity to achieve the goals of the sectors with a better performance in terms of sustainability.











LESSONS LEARNED

- **Budget information** is an important area to identify priorities in government programs and to build indicators.
- The **methodology** applied was effective and contributed to improve the dialogue within the work teams.
- **COP13 became an important incentive** to increase attention and prioritize the process of strategy construction.
- Collaboration (partners) was a key element for implementing the different actions of the process in a short period of time.











LESSONS LEARNED

- Exchanging experiences between officials and actors from different sectors helped to strengthen dialogue.
- It's important to develop and align common indicators among the sectors involved.
- Promote **private investment** and cooperation as key elements to consolidate successful projects in priority areas.











NEXT STEPS:

INTERNALIZATION AND DIVULGATION OF THE STRATEGIES

- Internalize strategies in key areas of the sectors for implementation through sector workshops.
- Generate a training program for key officials in each sector to strengthen the implementation of the Strategy.
- Participation and collaboration with the sectors in outreach and dissemination forums that increase the recognition and appropriation of the Strategies, including stakeholders of civil society, cooperation agencies, etc.
- Generate **outreach materials** of good practices and successful cases in the implementation of biodiversity mainstreaming in each sector.









CROSS-CUTTING PUBLIC POLICIES AND THEIR INSTRUMENTS.

- Share experiences, identifying success or failure factors.
- Generate and share relevant information to decision-making across sectors.
- Promote joint workshops to find common goals in planning instruments.
- Identification of operational instruments for the correct alignment of financing actions and territorial implementation.
- Link to other public administration actors to generate synergy and recognition in the fulfillment of national objectives (important for SDGs).
- Establish a program of work with the Legislative and the involved sectors to advance in the **incorporation of biodiversity into the legal frameworks**, and to facilitate harmonization of laws and inter-institutional coordination.







TERRITORIAL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE STRATEGIES

- Identification of priority areas to focus joint multi-sectoral efforts.
- Definition of goals and scope in the identified territories.
- Open to participation of all the stakeholders: civil society, cooperation agencies, academic institutions, etc., to increase the success of the implemented actions.
- Identification and promotion of successful cases of biodiversity mainstreaming for replication and scaling.
- Design pilot projects with a mid-term vision and linked to indicators of integration of biodiversity.







MONITORING AND EVALUATION

- Design specific indicators about implementation of the Strategies at sectoral level.
- Design indicators shared among sectors to assess the effectiveness of intersectoral coordination in biodiversity mainstreaming.
- Generate a platform to systematize the information of indicators on the implementation of actions for biodiversity mainstreaming.
- Explore the possibility to generate indicators that include information on investments of each sector that are oriented towards the conservation, sustainable use and restoration of biodiversity.













¡GRACIAS!