

CBD COP 11 Hyderabad, India CEPA SIDE EVENT SUSTAINING CORAL COMMUNITIES:

Sustainable and climate resilient future through the first UNESCO Biosphere Reserve in Maldives

International Outlook on Island and Coastal Biosphere Reserves

Ram Boojh, UNESCO Office in New Delhi



- •The Baa Atoll Biosphere Reserve an area of natural excellence for its unique harmony between man and nature part of illustrious list of international Biosphere Reserves including: the Central Amazon (Brazil), Galapagos Islands (Ecuador), Niagara Escarpment (Canada) and Yellowstone National Park (United States), Ayer's Rock in Australia, the Pantanal wetlands of Brazil, the Sundarbans of India, and the Amboseli National Park in Kenya
- •At the 40th anniversary of UNESCO's Man and the Biosphere Programme in Dresden, Germany in June 2011, UNESCO recognised the Baa Atoll's "great potential for demonstrating sustainable development throughout the Maldives and the region, while relying on a green economy."



MAN AND THE BIOSPHERE PROGRAMME (MAB)

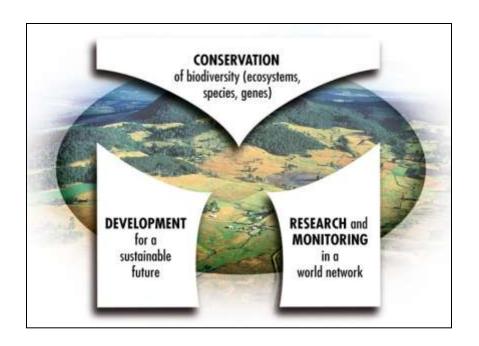


Evolved to address environment and development conflict

Ecosystem approach for integrated management of land, water and biodiversity

India has 19 Biosphere
Reserves 8 are under the World
Network- 580 sites in 114
countries.

MAB thrust is on scientific capacity building, research on biodiversity and ecological processes, and promoting the World Network of Biosphere Reserves.





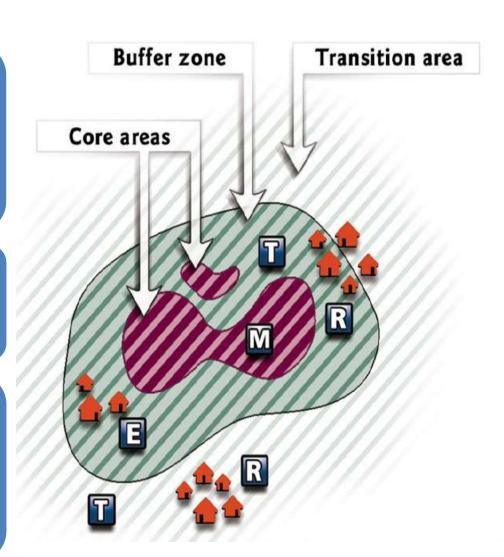
Global Cooperation Sites



Sites for conservation linked sustainable development

40t Anniversary thrust Dresden declaration

For Life for the Future:
Biosphere Reserves and Cmate
Change







World Network of Biosphere Reserves-

580 sites in 114 countries

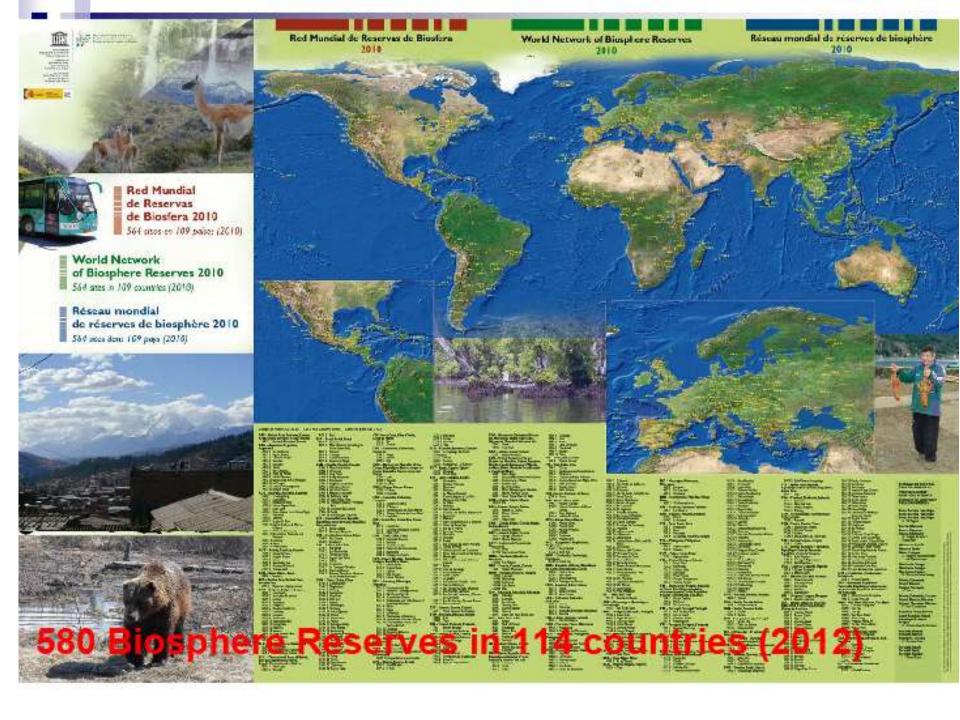


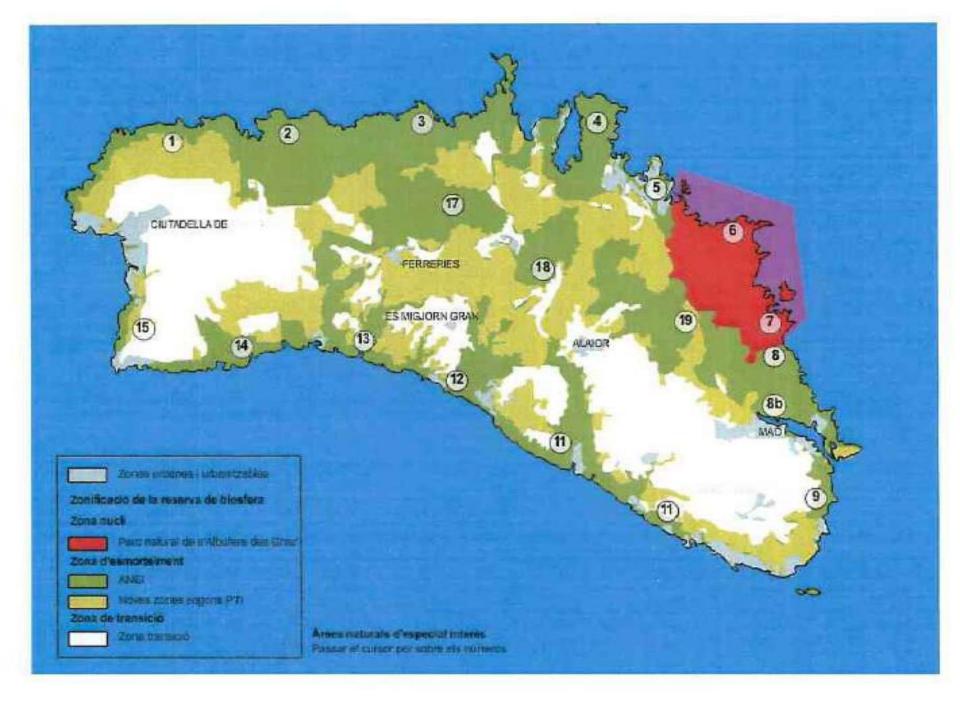
Zonation pattern of a biosphere reserve-each zone has a specific function

- Core area (or areas): strictly protected according to pre-established conservation objectives
- **Buffer zone** (or zones): activities compatible with conservation objectives can take place.
- Transition Area: loosely defined area encircles core and buffer areas and here cooperation with the local population and sustainable resource management practices are developed











Coastal and island biosphere reserves







Overview

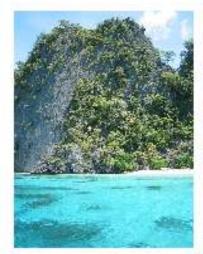


- 179 coastal and island biosphere reserves throughout the world in 64 countries
- 55 of them are small islands, part of small islands, reefs or coastal zones on Small Island Developing States
- 124 of them are on coastal zones which can also include very small islands closed to the coast
- Those biosphere reserves comprise very different characteristics which will be examined



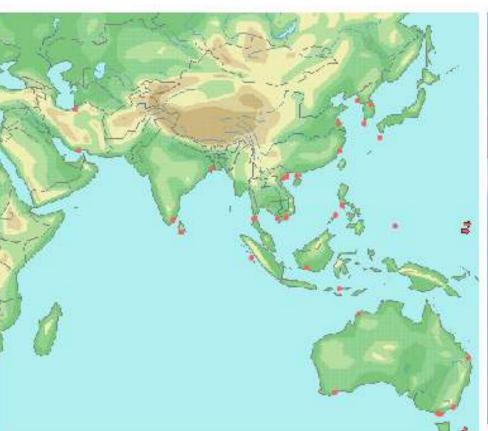
Asia

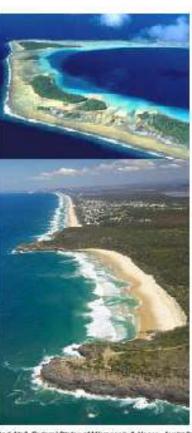






Palawan, Philippines & Jeju Island, Republic of Korea





And Atol: Federal States of Micronesia & Nossa, Australia

Australia - China - Democratic People's Republic of Korea - Federal States of Micronesia - India - Indonesia - Islamic Republic of Iran - Japan - Maldives - Republic of Korea - Palau - Philippines - Sri Lanka - Thailand - Vietnam





Asia



- 36 coastal and island biosphere reserves in 15 countries
- 22 are on coastal zones and 14 are on small islands
- Most of them are located in South-East Asia in Pacific Ocean and Indian Ocean
- Main common characteristics:
 tropical humid forests and coastal wetlands, mangroves, coral reefs



Biosphere Reserves

Implementing the Madrid Action Plan for Biosphere Reserves 2008-2013:

The World Network of Island and Coastal Biosphere Reserve

Target 5: Enhanced cooperation between experts and practitioners in relevant key issues.

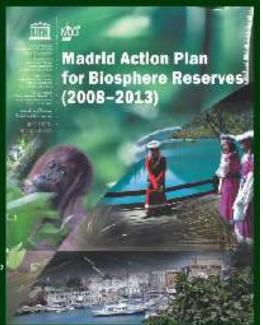
Activity 5.1: Create and strengthen existing regional and interregional Thematic Networks formed around key ecosystems, such as mountains, freshwater, oceans, drylands, forests, urban areas, small islands.

Time: 2010

Success Indicator: Number of networks and extent of regional and thematic coverage.

Responsibility for Action: MAB Secretariat, Regional and Thematic Networks, individual BRs, other institutions.

Partners: Diverse stakeholders at multiple scales.





What is at stake?

Biosphere Reserves

World Network of Island and Coastal Biosphere Reserves

"A global network of island and coastal biosphere reserve with special reference to biodiversity conservation, protected areas and sustainable development".

Chronology of events:

10-11 February 2008 in Menorca, Spain 25–29 May 2009 in Jeju Island, RO Korea 1 - 3 September 2010 in Jeju Island, RO Korea 28 June- 1 July 2011, Dresden, Germany 13 – 16 February 2012 in Menorca, Spain

2008

2009



May 25 - 30, 2009 Jeju KAL Hotel, Korea On the second floor



2010

The aims of this conference will be

- to examine "The Proposal of a Workplan for Menorca and Jeju as Headquarters of the World Network of Island and Coastal Biosphere Reserves for Sustainable Development and Climate Change".
- ii) to discuss future plans and co-operation projects of island and coastal BR network, and to build co-operation system among Korea, Spain and UNESCO
- iii) to prepare the next event of this network in Jeju Island, Korea, in September 2012,

